

THE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF NIAGARA COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE AGENDA

Thursday May 2

Thursday, May 2, 2019

6:30 p.m.

Council Chamber

Niagara Region Headquarters, Campbell West

1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way, Thorold, ON

Pages

1. CALL TO ORDER

2. DISCLOSURES OF PECUNIARY INTEREST

3. PRESENTATIONS

3.1 Niagara Region Transportation Master Plan Overview
Carolyn Ryall, Director, Transportation Services, and Matt Robinson,
Director, GO Implementation Office.

To be distributed.

4. DELEGATIONS

5. ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION

5.1 CAO 4-2019

3 - 76

A presentation will precede the consideration of this report.

6. CONSENT ITEMS FOR INFORMATION

Airport Project Update

6.1 CL-C 33-2019

77 - 122

A memorandum from A.-M. Norio, Regional Clerk, dated April 25, 2019, respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government.

This item was previously received for information by Regional Council at its meeting held on Thursday, April 25, 2019.

7. OTHER BUSINESS

8. NEXT MEETING

The next meeting is scheduled for Thursday, June 6, 2019 at 6:30 p.m. in the Council Chamber.

9. ADJOURNMENT

If you require any accommodations for a disability in order to attend or participate in meetings or events, please contact the Accessibility Advisory Coordinator at 905-980-6000 (office), 289-929-8376 (cellphone) or accessibility@niagararegion.ca (email).

Niagara Airport Project

COTW May 2, 2019





Overview

- Background and current state of Airport project
- About the Airports
 - Presented by NDA, NCDRA
- Next steps and timelines of project





Most Recent Council Position

On September 22, 2016 Regional Council approved the following motions:

- 1. That Niagara Region **SUPPORT IN PRINCIPLE** adopting soleresponsibility for operations and governance of Niagara District Airport (NDA) and Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport (NCDRA);
- 2. That, subject to completion of a phase 2 environmental assessment (completed) paid for by the current owners/operators, Regional staff **BE AUTHORIZED** to initiate detailed negotiations with the current funding partners of both the NDA and the NCDRA to transition responsibility to Niagara Region;
- 3. That a transition plan **BE DEVELOPED** with the current funding partners, including transitional funding and budget implications for ongoing operations and capital requirements during the transition period for inclusion in the Regional budget deliberations, and a proposal for a new governance structure satisfactory to Regional Council; (in progress)



Niagara's Airports

Niagara District Airport (NDA)

Certified International Airport



Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport (NCDRA)

Registered Aerodrome





Niagara District Airport Today

- A certified international airport that is the "Gateway to the peninsula"
- 40,000+ aircraft movements per year (36% increase over the last 5 years)
 - Private planes and jets
 - Tour operators
 - FlyGTA scheduled service (30% increase over last year)
 - Flight school
- Approximately 100,000 people pass through the airport every year (5% scheduled service; 7% helicopter tours)
- Canadian Border Security Agency airport of entry
- 14 businesses employing 75 to 100 people
- 2 aprons 4 taxiways 3 runways (longest is 5,000 ft)
- 161,462 square metres of pavement
- 362 acres of land (50+ acres available for development)







Niagara District Airport Tomorrow

- Passenger demand will more than double to 110 million by mid-2040s in Southern Ontario
 - Airports surrounding Pearson are readying themselves to take on the excess capacity
- Capacity at NDA is seven times current passengers for total of approximately 750,000
 - Capacity could be increased if current runway (5,000 ft) is expanded
- NDA's Advantage
 - Tourism leader attracting 13 million visitors annually 1 in 3 visitors is international as compared to 1 in 10 for Ontario average
 - Location highway access, within 10 minutes of major tourism attractions Niagara Falls
 & wine country
 - Proximity to Toronto Pearson and Billy Bishop conveniently located for maintenance and repair operations
 - Demand for hangars to park private planes





Achieving Our Potential 2017-2020 Strategic Plan

VISION – Niagara Region's hassle-free aviation hub offering VIP service to leisure and business travelers, and recreational flyers

MISSION – Contribute to the economic prosperity of the Niagara Region by providing air connectivity for business and leisure travelers

KEY PRIORITIES

- Increase aviation revenue (e.g. expand scheduled service to domestic and international destinations)
- 2. Increase **non-aviation revenue** (e.g. construct hangars to meet the demand for lease space)
- 3. Offer outstanding **VIP airside service** to differentiate ourselves with our target customers
- 4. Engage **partners** to promote the airport
- Build our reputation for organizational excellence and strive for financial self-sufficiency in the operations of the airport



Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport (NCDRA)





Airport as an Economic Asset: Benefits of an airport to a Municipal Region

- Transportation for residents, visitors and businesses
 - Can facilitate access as a transportation hub for goods, tourism, business travel, commercial growth
- Contributes to economic health and growth
 - Can attract new businesses and improve region's ability to interact with a larger, international market
 - Land assets can be leveraged to support on-site airportrelated development and employment opportunities
- Economic Development: Business Study of Niagara's airports
 - A formal updated review of the potential uses for each the airport and aerodrome, and economic benefits
 - Consideration of what can be done with existing assets, and with further investment

Southern Ontario Airport Network

 Finding Niagara's aviation niche to support forecasted demand. Working as a network to better support local economic development and increase competitiveness of Southern Ontario





Financial Considerations - NDA

- \$1.4 million total annual operating cost (base-case scenario)
- Operational Budget
 - \$0.36 million annual net operating budget plus \$1.04 million in capital financing
- Capital Budget
 - \$1.6+ million (2016\$) average per year over next 3 years
 - \$20.7 million total to 2037 (excluding passenger services)
 - Long term potential towards self-sustaining operations through correct balance of airport services
 - Eligible to apply for grant funding through the Airports Capital Assistance Program (ACAP) administered through Transport Canada



Financial Considerations - NCDRA

- \$0.84 million total annual operating cost (basecase scenario)
- Operational Budget
 - \$0.05 million annual net operating budget plus \$0.79 million in capital financing
- Capital Budget
 - \$2.6+ million (2016\$) average per year over next 3 years
 - \$14.6 million to 2037 (50% of this investment required by 2021)





Airport Project Timeline



May 2, 2019 Airport Review Presentation

Staff overview and update on Airport project with Council to re-affirm Regional commitment to adopting sole-responsibility of airports.



March 22, 2016 TSC-C 1-2016

Consultant report update on Niagara Airport Review outlining financial forecasts, risk analysis and passenger service assessment.



July 26, 2016 TSC-C 12-2016 TSC-C 13-2016

Reports for each NDA and NCDRA, direction to staff to continue work on governance structure.



March 2, 2017 CAO 3-2016

Report providing update on project and requesting Region to pay for EA (defeated).



Q1 2018

Regional staff member seconded to NDA to garner information and identify future potential of airport.



Q2 2019

Pending Council direct, sta out transition plan and specific actions. Staff d negotiate with LAMs and proposal for Council consid



May 3, 2016 Airport Review Presentation

Staff presentation outlining next steps on the consultant review.



September 15, 2016 PWC-C 23-2016

Regional Council supports in principle, adopting sole responsibility for both operations and governance of airports pending Environmental Assessments (EAs) as paid for by current owners.

Motions were also approved that negotiations with current funding partners and transition plan (transitional funding and proposed new governance structure) be developed.



Environmental
Assessments for
both NDA and
NCDRA
completed.



Q2 2019

Airport Business Model
Study & review of
potential future usage of
both airports conducted to
inform future capital
investments and transition
planning



Staff recoming of add operation



Council Information / Touchpoint



Council Decision Point



Staff Action





Action Plan – Immediate Actions

Current Activities



 Regional Council commitment to pursue sole Regional ownership through the approval of the Action Plan



 An Airport Taskforce to be established to negotiate the Terms of Transfer and develop the Governance Model



 A cross-functional staff working group has been established to define the transition plan



Action Plan – Next Steps

2019



 Business Model Study to inform future potential based on assets of each airport, commissioned through the Economic Development Division



 Staff to negotiate the Terms of Transfer for both airports: negotiated through a CAO Taskforce



Terms of Transfer are brought back to Regional Council for final approval and direction



Staff to develop a Transition Plan for Council consideration:

- Preparation of Capital and Operating budget options with a review of long term financial investment requirements
- Governance model recommendations based on sole Regional ownership
- Administrative management model for the operations of both airports



Capital and Operational budget requests brought forward for Council consideration through Regional budget planning process



Recommended governance and administrative models brought to Council for final approval

2020



Execution of the transition plan, and transfer of airports to Regional operation



Questions?





Subject: Airport Project Update **Report to:** Committee of the Whole **Report date:** Thursday, May 2, 2019

Recommendations

- That Niagara Regional Council APPROVE the Action Plan outlined in Appendix 1 of this report which directs staff to enact Regional Council's direction to: pursue adopting sole-responsibility for the operations and governance of Niagara District Airport (NDA) and Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport (NCDRA);
- That outcomes of the Action Plan and/or adoption of the operations of the airports, resulting in incremental operating and/or capital budget requirements BE REFERRED for consideration as part of the 2020 budget process.

Key Facts

- The purpose of this report is to provide Council with an overview of the current status of the Airport project, as well as provide an action plan to outline the next steps.
- On September 22, 2016, Regional Council approved the following two motions:

That Niagara Region **SUPPORT IN PRINCIPLE** adopting sole-responsibility for operations and governance of Niagara District Airport (NDA) and Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport (NCDRA);

That, subject to completion of a phase 2 environmental assessment paid for by the current owners/operators, Regional staff BE AUTHORIZED to initiate detailed negotiations with the current funding partners of both the NDA and the NCDRA to transition responsibility to Niagara Region.

- The Phase 2 Environmental Assessment reports for both airports in 2017 has been included in Appendix 3 and Appendix 4 of this report.
- Based on the financial analysis conducted in 2016 and outlined in reports TSC-C-12-2016 Niagara District Governance and Funding Review and TSC-C-13-2016 Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Governance and Funding Review, the total annual financial impact to the Region, including capital financing, is estimated at \$2.24M which equates to a 0.6% increase to the 2019 approved Regional levy. The total capital investment forecasted through 2037 is \$35.3M with \$11M (2016\$)

identified for investment prior to 2021. This has not been included in the operating or capital budget forecasts provided with the 2019 budgets.

 The Action Plan outlined in Appendix 1 of this report outlines the planned next steps in the airport project including anticipated Council decision points. Upon approval of the Action Plan, continued Regional Council support in the pursuit of adopting soleresponsibility for the operations and governance of both airports is assumed. Staff will begin negotiations with the current funding partners to transition responsibility to Niagara Region.

Financial Considerations

The Region's approved budget does not currently incorporate funding related to the governance or operation of an airport. Should the Region assume such a role, there will be direct financial implications in terms of the annual operating and capital funding commitments, as well as the associated risks. Airports rely on ongoing investment to meet compliance requirements and to leverage development opportunities. As such, the needs of the airports as provided below in Table 1 will result in pressure on the existing capital funding gap of \$481M (as reported in the 2019 Budget process), debt financing and the annual repayment limit (ARL). The incremental annual impact on the budget of 100% of the costs of the airports going forward as per the tables below is \$2.24M equivalent to 0.6% increase to the 2019 Region tax levy.

Table 1 – Total estimated annual operating budget – Base Case Scenario

million \$	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Net Operating Cost	0.41	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42
Capital Financing Cost	1.83	1.86	1.90	1.94	1.98	2.02	2.06
Total Operating Impact	2.24	2.28	2.31	2.35	2.40	2.43	2.47

^{*} Revenues exclude Municipal Grant Revenue and expenses exclude capital financing costs. All figures in 2016\$ and include inflation at 2% per year.

Based on the financial analysis outlined in reports TSC-C-12-2016, *Niagara District Governance and Funding Review and TSC-C-13-2016 Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Governance and Funding Review*, the total annual operating impact to the Region, including capital financing (Table 1 above) is \$2.24M. The total capital investment between 2016 and 2037 is estimated at \$35.3M (\$2016), including \$11M identified as immediate investment prior to 2021.

As this financial overview relies on reports dating from 2016, and given that there are multiple variables involved, staff will conduct a full review with updated financial impacts and will verify or develop a capital strategy for the airports for Council's consideration.

Niagara District Airport

Based on the original TSC 12-2016 report recommendation for joint governance and Regional financial contributions of 50% funding, the estimated Regional share would be \$0.7M, equivalent to a 0.2% increase to the 2019 approved Regional levy. If the Region assumes all the costs outlined in table 2 below, inclusive of the 50% municipal contribution of \$0.7 M, this would require an additional 0.2% increase to the 2019 approved Regional levy but could be mitigated with reductions in the local levy in Niagara-on-the-Lake, St. Catharines and Niagara Falls. Excluding passenger services, the capital costs were forecasted to be \$20.7M to 2037 (\$2016), with \$4.0M required before 2021.

The total \$1.4M in annual operating costs are net of land lease revenues and airport user fees, and this is an area which can be further explored to grow as a source of revenue to the airport.

Table 2: Niagara District Airport estimated annual operating budget – Base Case Scenario

million \$	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Net Operating Cost	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.38	0.37	0.38
Capital Financing Cost	1.04	1.06	1.08	1.10	1.12	1.15	1.17
Total Operating Impact	1.40	1.43	1.45	1.48	1.50	1.52	1.55

^{*} Revenues exclude Municipal Grant Revenue and expenses exclude capital financing costs. All figures in 2016\$ and include inflation at 2% per year.

The NDA will be eligible to apply through the January 2020 intake for capital grant funding through the Airports Capital Assistance Program (ACAP), administered by Transport Canada. This program recognizes that regional airports play an essential role in Canada's air transportation sector, and provides funding for projects that improve regional airport safety, protect airport assets (such as equipment and runways), and reduce operating costs. The NDA has the most future potential as a Regional asset and would have a long term objective of self-sustaining operations with the correct balance of airport services.

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport

The NCDRA is a registered aerodrome with a history dating back to 1941. The capital costs were forecasted to be \$14.6M to 2037 (\$2016), with \$7.2M of this cost required by 2021. Annual funding support, including capital financing, for the airport was estimated at \$0.84M (\$2017). This compared to the 2016 total municipal support of \$0.09M. The original TSC 13-2016 report recommendation was for continued Local Municipal Governance. If the Region assumes the full cost, the \$0.84M would require the equivalent of a 0.2% increase to the 2019 approved Regional levy. The increase may be mitigated through ongoing municipal contributions or reductions in the local levy in Pelham, Port Colborne, Wainfleet and Welland to offset a portion of the total costs.

Table 3: Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport estimated annual operating budget

– Base Case Scenario

million \$	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Net Operating Cost	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.04
Capital Financing Cost	0.79	0.80	0.82	0.84	0.85	0.87	0.89
Total Operating Impact	0.84	0.86	0.86	0.88	0.90	0.91	0.93

^{*} Revenues exclude Municipal Grant Revenue and expenses exclude capital financing costs. All figures in 2017\$ and include inflation at 2% per year.

As the outlined financial implications are based on the information from the 2016 reports and have not adjusted for any capital improvements which may have been done over the last 3 years. The revised financial implications of transferring ownership from the current owners/operators of both the NDA and the NCDRA will be brought forward to Council as part of the final decision on whether or not Niagara Region takes on sole-responsibility of both airports. It is anticipated that the revised financial estimates and options will be made available to Council in a timeframe that will align with the 2020 Regional budget process.

Analysis

Airports as an Economic and Development Asset

Generally, airports are considered to be economic assets which provide community benefit by supporting economic competitiveness and connectivity. Airports support both economic growth through areas such as business development and tourism activities; as well as population and income growth. With the proper investment and strategic vision, the NDA and NCDRA have opportunity to grow this community benefit to a regional level.

It is noted that both airports have land assets which can be leveraged to support on-site airport-related development and employment opportunities. The Region's economic development strategy supports developing the airports and surrounding land to maximize economic impact. A request for proposals (RFP) has been released to contract consulting services to explore business models for the airports that will have the greatest economic benefit to the region.

Partnerships with the Region's hospitality industry and wineries will be essential to support the success and maximize economic impact. For this reason a coordinated dialogue should be initiated forthwith to advance those partnerships.

Niagara District Airport (NDA)

The NDA is a certified airport and is owned and operated through a partnership between the town of Niagara on the Lake, and the cities of St. Catharines and Niagara Falls. On-site services include charters, helicopter & fixed-wing sightseeing, an

approved maintenance operator, flight training, and manufacturing of aerospace and aircraft components.

The NDA is compliant with International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) standards, which is a specialized agency of the United Nations that ensures internationally standardized safety regulations. A Nav Canada Flight Service Station is onsite, and is recognized as a Canadian Border Service Agency (CBSA) Airport of Entry (AOE), with customs and immigration services available for incoming flights. Additionally, the airport can accommodate night and inclement weather operations with high intensity LED runway lighting.

The most recent economic impact study undertaken for the NDA estimated an annual impact of \$18M resulting from activity that occurred at the airport. The largest driver of employment and spending at the airport related to the manufacturing, repair and overhaul undertaken by Genaire.

The NDA, as a certified airport, is part of the Southern Ontario Airport Network (SOAN). Toronto's Pearson airport will reach capacity by 2032, and surrounding airports have partnered up with Pearson to work together to ready themselves to take on the excess capacity: Billy Bishop, Hamilton, Kingston, London, Niagara, Oshawa, Peterborough, Simcoe (Barrie), Waterloo, Windsor. By working together, Southern Ontario airports will be in a better position to support local economic development, and in doing so, increase the competitiveness of those in the partnership. As a member of this partnership, NDA has the potential to leverage these future opportunities to further the region-wide benefit for Niagara.

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport (NCDRA)

The NCDRA is a registered aerodrome that is owned and operated through a partnership between the cities of Welland and Port Colborne, the town of Pelham, and the township of Wainfleet. On-site activities include skydiving, flight training, aircraft repair & maintenance, and a cadet program.

An economic impact study was undertaken in 2014 for the NCDRA, which estimated the annual economic impact of \$4.5M per year (i.e. direct, indirect and induced spending). The primary driver of the economic impact was the Niagara Skydive Centre, as they contribute to both the direct expenditures that occur at the airport, as well as the indirect expenditures estimated for the visitors to the airport each year.

Transfer of Responsibility of NDA and NCDRA to Niagara Region

In 2016, Regional staff conducted an extensive overview of the Region's role in the operation and ownership of both NDA and NCDRA. The recommendations from staff following this review was to participate in a joint ownership role with local municipal

owners for the NDA based on the regional benefits derived from airport activity (in addition to local benefits), and the airport's long-term ability to explore opportunities that could advance Regional Council's strategic priorities. The recommendations from staff on the NCDRA identified that although some degree of regional benefit is recognized (in addition to the local benefits), given the significant costs relative to those benefits, and the fact that the airport is considered limited in its future opportunities and ability to advance Regional Council's strategic priorities, a Regional role in governance was not recommended. As part of the 2016 work, public consultation was conducted to get an understanding of the public's perceptions and ideas around the future opportunities of the two airports. Three public open houses and an online survey resulted in a total of 613 respondents. Respondents were favourable towards a justification for a Regional role based on the current and potential future role of the airports.

With these recommendations in mind, Regional Council approved a motion that the Region support in principal, pursuit of sole ownership of both airports, and directed that both airports complete a Phase 2 Environmental Assessment (EA). The results of the EAs have indicated that was soil and groundwater contamination identified for both airports. The consultant recommendations regarding contamination at NDA included additional soil sampling and monitoring of wells. It was noted that exceedances in groundwater may be naturally occurring or related to road salting practices. The consultant recommendations regarding contamination at NCDRA included additional soil sampling to estimate a remediation area, if the operator elects to complete a remediation of the metal-impacted soils. It was noted that metals in groundwater may be naturally occurring.

Based on Council's motion, and the completion of these EAs, staff will begin negotiations to transition responsibility of the two airports to Niagara Region, the results of which will be brought back to Regional Council for consideration. It is the understanding of staff that the commissions and owners of both airports are in favour of the Region pursuing sole-responsibility.

Next Steps

Attached in Appendix 1 of this report is an action plan that outlines the activities required to transfer responsibility of the NDA and NCDRA to Niagara Region. During the implementation of this action plan, Regional Council will have an opportunity to review the proposed Terms of Transfer, Operational and Capital Budget impacts, and recommended Governance and Administrative models before final approval is made to transfer ownership solely to Niagara Region.

Upon approval of the Action Plan, staff will work to complete the tasks outlined. As part of this, a Taskforce will be established to inform the terms of transfer negotiations and governance model review. The Taskforce will be made up of two (2) CAOs from the current funding municipalities from the NDA; two (2) CAOs from the current funding

municipalities from the NCDRA; two (2) CAOs from municipalities who are not currently funding partners of either airport; and Niagara Region's CAO, Commissioner of Enterprise Resource Management Services and Commissioner of Planning and Development Services. The Taskforce will be provided support from staff as required to address the terms of transfer and governance model development.

Staff will work to prepare the capital and operating budget scenarios, and it is anticipated that budget options will be brought forward for Council's consideration in alignment with the Region's 2020 budgeting process. Budget options will include short and long term financial outlooks and will outline the expected incremental budget impacts required should the Region move forward with ownership and operation of the airports.

Alternatives Reviewed

Should Regional Council decide not to continue pursuit of sole-responsibility of one or both the NDA and the NCDRA, responsibility would remain with the current owner/operator municipalities.

Relationship to Council Strategic Priorities

Not applicable at this time.

Other Pertinent Reports

- TSC-C 12-2016
- TSC-C 12-2016
- PWC-C 22-2016
- PWC-C 23-2016



Prepared by:

Kristen Delong Manager, Internal Control & Organizational Performance Enterprise Resource Management Services Recommended by:

Rino Mostacci, MCIP, RPP Commissioner Planning and Development Services

Recommended by:

Todd Harrison Commissioner Enterprise Resource Management Services Recommended by:

Valerie Kuhns Director, Economic Development Office of the CAO

Submitted by:

Ron Tripp, P.Eng. Acting Chief Administrative Officer

This report was prepared with financial input from Heather Talbot, Financial and Special Projects Consultant; and with input from Rino Mostacci, Commissioner of Planning and Development, and Valerie Kuhns, Director of Economic Development; and in consultation with Helen Chamberlain, Director of Financial Management & Planning / Deputy Treasurer.

Appendices

Appendix 1

Appendix 2	Airport Project Timeline
Appendix 3	NDA Phase II Environmental Assessment Report
Appendix 4	NCDRA Phase II Environmental Assessment Report

Airport Project Action Plan

Airport Project Action Plan

2019

- Regional Council commitment to pursue sole Regional ownership through the approval of the Action Plan
- An Airport Taskforce to be established to provide direction through the Terms of Transfer negotiation and development of the Governance Model
- A cross-functional staff working group has been established to define the transition plan
- Business Model Study to inform future potential based on assets of each airport, commissioned through the Economic Development Division
- Staff to negotiate the Terms of Transfer of both airports to the Region through the Airport Taskforce
- The Terms of Transfer are brought back to Regional Council for direction and approval
- Staff to develop a Transition Plan for Council consideration:
 - Preparation of Capital and Operating budget options with a review of long term financial investment requirements
 - Governance model recommendations based on sole Regional ownership
 - Administrative management model for the operations of both airports
- Capital and Operational Budgets brought forward for Council consideration through Regional budget planning process
- Recommended Governance and Administrative Models brought to Council for final approval

2020

 Upon Council endorsement of the finalized Operating and Capital Budgets, Governance and Administrative Models, staff will execute the Transition Plan bringing both airports to Regional operation

Airport Project Timeline



March 22, 2016 TSC-C 1-2016

Consultant report update on Niagara Airport Review outlining financial forecasts, risk analysis and passenger service assessment.



July 26, 2016 TSC-C 12-2016 TSC-C 13-2016

Reports for each NDA and NCDRA, direction to staff to continue work on governance structure.



March 2, 2017 CAO 3-2016

Report providing update on project and requesting Region to pay for EA (defeated).



May 2, 2019 Airport Review Presentation

Staff overview and update on Airport project with Council to re-affirm Regional commitment to adopting sole-responsibility of airports.



Q1 2018

Regional staff member seconded to NDA to garner information and identify future potential of airport.



Q2 2019

Pending Council direct, staff to flush out transition plan and Region-specific actions. Staff directed to negotiate with LAMs and bring back proposal for Council consideration.



Q3 2019

Pending Council direct, staff to execute transition plan including developing and include the airport into the 2020 Regional budget process.



May 3, 2016 Airport Review Presentation

Staff presentation outlining next steps on the consultant review.



Council Information / Touchpoint



Council Decision Point



Staff Action



September 15, 2016 PWC-C 23-2016

Regional Council supports in principle, adopting sole responsibility for both operations and governance of airports pending Environmental Assessments (EAs) as paid for by current owners.

Motions were also approved that negotiations with current funding partners and transition plan (transitional funding and proposed new governance structure) be developed.



Environmental
Assessments for both NDA and NCDRA completed.



planning

Airport Business Model Study & review of potential future usage of both airports conducted to inform future capital investments and transition

Q2 2019



July / August, 2019 Airport Decision Point

Staff to bring back recommendation and terms of adopting sole Regional operation and governance of both airports for Council



Q2 2020

Staff completes transition, Region adopts operation and governance of NDA and NCDRA airports. CAO 04-2019
Appendix 3
Niagara District Airport
Phase II Environmental Assessment Report

NIAGARA DISTRICT AIRPORT

PHASE II ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT

NIAGARA DISTRICT AIRPORT, 468 NIAGARA STONE ROAD, NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE

OCTOBER 11, 2017







PHASE II ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT

NIAGARA DISTRICT AIRPORT, 468 NIAGARA STONE ROAD, NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE

NIAGARA DISTRICT AIRPORT

ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT REPORT

PROJECT NO.: 171-08598-00 - 002 DATE: OCTOBER 11, 2017

WSP SUITE 300 4 HUGHSON STREET SOUTH HAMILTON, ON, CANADA L8N 3ZI

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October 11, 2017

Len O Connor, CEO Niagara District Airport 468 Niagara Stone Road Niagara-on-the-Lake, ON LOS 1J0 E-mail: loconnor@niagaradistrictairport.ca

Subject: Phase II Environmental Site Assessment

Niagara District Airport

468 Niagara Stone Road, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario

Our Project # 171-08598-00 - 002

Dear Sir,

WSP Canada Inc. is pleased to provide our report documenting the findings of the Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) completed at the above-noted property.

The assessment was completed in general compliance with the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Standard Z769-00 Phase II Environmental Site Assessment. The report describes the interpreted environmental conditions at the Site and provides conclusions for your consideration. It is understood that filing of a Record of Site Condition in accordance with Ontario Regulation 153/04 is not required for the subject property at this time.

We trust that this information is sufficient for your current needs. If you have any questions or require further information, please contact the undersigned.

Yours truly,

Rachel Bryan, M.A.Sc., P.Eng.

Project Engineer, Environment

David A. MacGillivray, M.A.Sc., P.Geo., P.Eng.

Senior Engineer, Environment

WSP ref.: 171-08598-00 - 002

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SIGNATURES

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Senior Engineer, Environment

This report was prepared by WSP Canada Inc. (WSP) for the account of Niagara District Airport, in accordance with our proposal dated May 24, 2017. The disclosure of any information contained in this report is the sole responsibility of the intended recipient. The material in it reflects WSP's best judgement in light of the information available to it at the time of preparation. Any use which a third party makes of this report, or any reliance on or decisions to be made based on it, are the responsibility of such third parties. WSP accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report. This limitations statement is considered part of this report.

The original of the technology-based document sent herewith has been authenticated and will be retained by WSP for a minimum of ten years. Since the file transmitted is now out of WSP's control and its integrity can no longer be ensured, no guarantee may be given with regards to any modifications made to this document.



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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

WSP was retained by Niagara District Airport (NDA) to conduct a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) for the NDA property located at 468 Niagara Stone Road, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario, herein referred to as the 'Site'. The Site consists of approximately 130 hectares (322 acres) of land on the north side of Niagara Stone Road (Highway 55), in the Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario. The Site is situated approximately 1.6 km east of the City of St. Catharines in an agricultural and rural residential area. The Site operates as a municipal airport including three runways, four taxiways, a terminal apron, terminal building, several aircraft hangars, maintenance facilities, and a refuelling area.

A Phase I ESA was recently completed by WSP for the Site for due diligence purposes prior to the potential sale of the property. The Phase I ESA recommended that a Phase II ESA was required to investigate soil and groundwater conditions in ten areas of potential environmental concern (APECs) identified on the Site. Contaminants of potential concern in soil and groundwater included petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), metals and inorganics, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and perfluoroalkylated substances (PFAS).

Intrusive soil sampling through the advancement of boreholes and groundwater sampling from pre-existing and newly installed monitoring wells were used to investigate the subsurface conditions at the Site. A total of 12 boreholes were advanced on the Site; seven were completed as monitoring wells. One pre-existing monitoring well was also sampled to assess groundwater quality in the fuel storage area.

The boreholes were advanced through a surface layer of either topsoil, sand and gravel, fill, or asphalt. Native silty clay to clayey silt glacial till (Halton Till) was encountered beneath the surface layer. The Halton Till unit extended to the maximum drilling depth of 7.6 mbgs. Regional geological mapping shows bedrock in the area consists of red shale of the Queenston Formation. The overburden drift thickness at the Site is estimated to range from approximately 21 to 30 m.

Shallow groundwater is present within the Halton Till and the inferred groundwater flow direction is to the north towards Lake Ontario.

A total of 25 soil samples and 11 groundwater samples (including duplicates) were submitted for laboratory analysis of contaminants of concern. Analytical results were compared to the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC) Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition for Industrial/Commercial/Community Property Use with medium and fine textured soils as outlined in the *Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act* (April 15, 2011), hereinafter referred to as the "Table 2 SCS".

Based on the results of the investigation, the following parameter exceedances were observed in the submitted soil and groundwater samples:

Soil

Samples 17-01 S2 and 17-05 S2 exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS for conductivity.

Groundwater

- Samples 17-01, 17-06 and 12-1 exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS for cobalt;
- Samples 17-01, 17-10 and 12-1 exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS for sodium;
- Sample 17-06 exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS for selenium; and,
- Samples 17-01, 17-02, 17-05, 17-06, 17-10, 17-11 and 12-1 exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS for uranium.

Based on the work completed, soil and groundwater quality on the Site do not meet the applicable Table 2 SCS. We note that proposed amendments to O. Reg. 153/04 may eliminate the need to address exceedances for conductivity in soil and sodium in groundwater related to the use of road salt.

The following recommendations are provided for your consideration:

- Additional soil sampling is recommended to characterize the imported fill material within APEC 9.
- The monitoring wells should be re-sampled to confirm the exceedances noted at the Site. We note that the
 exceedances in groundwater may be naturally occurring or related to road salting practices.
- The monitoring wells at the Site should be maintained in accordance with O. Reg. 903. If they are no longer in use, the
 monitoring wells should be decommissioned by a licenced well contractor in accordance with O. Reg. 903.

2 INTRODUCTION

2.1 INTRODUCTION

WSP was retained by Niagara District Airport (NDA) to conduct a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) for the NDA property located at 468 Niagara Stone Road, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario, herein referred to as the 'Site'. The Site consists of approximately 130 hectares (322 acres) of land on the north side of Niagara Stone Road (Highway 55), in the Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario. The Site is situated approximately 1.6 km east of the City of St. Catharines in an agricultural and rural residential area. The Site operates as a municipal airport including three runways, four taxiways, a terminal apron, terminal building, several aircraft hangars, maintenance facilities, and a refuelling area. The remainder of the NDA land is mainly vegetated with grasses, with minimal cultural meadow and thicket habitats. The vegetated area is regularly mowed and maintained as part of the standard airport operations. A Site location map is provided as Figure 1 and site features are shown on the Site Plan provided as Figure 2.

A Phase I ESA was recently completed by WSP for the Site (dated October 10, 2017) for due diligence purposes prior to the potential sale of the property. The Phase I ESA recommended that a Phase II ESA was required to investigate soil and groundwater conditions in ten areas of potential environmental concern (APECs) identified on the Site.

The Phase II ESA has been completed in general accordance with the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Standard Z769-00, Phase II Environmental Site Assessment. This report has not been prepared to support a Record of Site Condition application for the Site.

CONTAMINANTS OF

2.2 BACKGROUND

LOCATION OF APEC

A previous Phase I ESA identified ten APECs on the Site, as follows:

		LOCATION OF APEC		CONTAMINANTS OF	MEDIA POTENTIALLY
	APEC	ON PROPERTY	CONTRIBUTING PCAS	POTENTIAL CONCERN	IMPACTED
ſ	1	Majority of Site	3. Airstrips and Hangars Operation	M&I PAHs PHCs VOCs	Soil and Groundwater
	2	Vicinity of Building #11	24. Fire Training 34. Metal Fabrication	M&I PAHs PCBs PFAS PHCs VOCs	Soil and Groundwater
ī	3	Refuelling Area	28. Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks	PHCs BTEX lead	Soil and Groundwater
	4	East of refuelling area	30. Importation of Fill Material of Unknown Quality	M&I PAHs PCBs PHCs VOCs	Soil and Groundwater

MEDIA POTENTIALLY

	LOCATION OF APEC		CONTAMINANTS OF	MEDIA POTENTIALLY
APEC	ON PROPERTY	CONTRIBUTING PCAS	POTENTIAL CONCERN	IMPACTED
5	Southwest of Building # 2	30. Importation of Fill Material of Unknown Quality	M&I PAHs PCBs PHCs VOCs	Soil and Groundwater
6	Vicinity of Building #1	7. Boat Manufacturing	M&I PHCs VOCs	Soil and Groundwater
7	Former refuelling area, east of Building #1	28. Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks	PHCs BTEX lead	Soil and Groundwater
8	Vicinity of Building #6	27. Garages and Maintenance and Repair of Railcars, Marine Vehicles and Aviation Vehicles	M&I PHCs VOCs	Soil and Groundwater
9	Eastern portion of the Site on the south side of Runway 06-24	30. Importation of Fill Material of Unknown Quality	M&I PAHs PCBs PHCs VOCs	Soil and Groundwater
10	East of Building #11	28. Gasoline and Associated Products Storage in Fixed Tanks	PHCs BTEX	Soil and Groundwater

Notes:

PHCs - Petroleum hydrocarbons

BTEX - Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes

VOCs - Volatile organic compounds

PAHs - Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

M&I - Metals and inorganic parameters

PCBs - Polychlorinated Biphenyls

PFAS - Perfluoroalkylated substances

2.3 CURRENT AND PROPOSED LAND USE

The Site currently operates as a municipal airport, which is considered an industrial land use under Ontario Regulation 153/04. We are not aware of any proposed change in land use at the Site.

2.4 SCOPE OF WORK

In general, the purpose of the Phase II ESA is to assess the subsurface soil and groundwater conditions at the Site in the ten APECs identified in the previous Phase I ESA.

The scope of work included the advancement of 12 boreholes and the installation of monitoring wells in seven of the boreholes on the Site. Drilling locations and APECs are shown on the site plan provided as Figure 3.

Monitoring wells 12-1 and 12-2, which were installed by Golder Associates in 2012 and are located within APEC 3, were also included in the monitoring program. Groundwater elevations were measured in both wells, and a sample was collected from well 12-1 and submitted for laboratory analysis.

2.5 APPLICABLE SITE CONDITION STANDARD

Analytical results were compared to the Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC) Table 2: Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition for Industrial/Commercial/Community Property Use with medium and fine textured soils, as outlined in the *Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act* (April 15, 2011), hereinafter referred to as the "Table 2 SCS". This evaluation standard for the Site was selected for comparison purposes based on the following:

- Six active water supply wells were identified within 250 m of the Site boundaries in the MOECC well records online database. The wells are used for domestic and livestock supply;
- The Site is currently developed for industrial use and there is no proposed change in land use;
- The nearest surface water course is a tributary of Eight Mile Creek and is located approximately 90 m north of the
 northwest corner of the Site. Several drainage ditches are located around the perimeter and through the center of the
 Site; however, these drains were constructed for storm water management and are not considered to be permanent
 water courses;
- The pH values reported from analysis of soil samples collected from the Site ranged from 7.32 to 7.91. These values were within the acceptable range to use the Table 2 SCS;
- Areas of natural significance were not identified on the Site or within 30 m of the Site boundaries; and,
- The Site is not considered to be a shallow soil property, as defined by O. Reg. 153/04.

3 PHASE II INVESTIGATION METHOD

3.1 GENERAL

Subsurface soil sampling and groundwater sampling from the boreholes advanced and the monitoring wells installed as part of the drilling investigation were used to investigate the subsurface conditions at the Site. Details of the investigation are described in the following sections. Drilling, soil sampling, and monitoring well installation activities were supervised by WSP field personnel. Field notes were recorded in a dedicated field book, which is retained on file.

The borehole/monitoring well locations are depicted on the Site Plans provided as Figures 2 and 3.

3.2 UTILITY LOCATES

Ontario One Call was contacted for the public utilities locates for the investigation. Buffalo Locating Inc. was retained by WSP to locate private utilities on-Site for the borehole locations included in the subsurface investigation work.

3.3 DRILLING

The drilling program was completed on July 7 and 10, 2017. Twelve (12) boreholes were advanced on the Site and monitoring wells were installed in seven of the boreholes to allow for groundwater sampling. Boreholes were advanced using a Geoprobe 7822 DT track-mounted drill rig provided by Landshark Drilling. The boreholes were advanced using the direct push method to a depth of 6.1 mbgs with the exception of 17-11, which was advanced to 7.6 mbgs. Seven of the boreholes were then drilled using 108-mm solid stem augers to facilitate the installation of monitoring wells. The remaining five boreholes were backfilled with bentonite pellets to surface.

3.4 SOIL SAMPLING

Continuous direct push soil sampling was conducted using a 32-mm diameter, 1.5-m long stainless steel continuous sampler equipped with disposable PVC liners.

Disposable nitrile gloves were used during sample collection to minimize the potential for cross-contamination. Soil samples were described in the field by WSP staff, and observations were recorded in a dedicated field book. Soil samples selected for chemical analysis were stored at a temperature of less than 10°C and handled under standard chain of custody procedures until received at the laboratory. The soil samples selected for laboratory submission were considered to be representative of worst-case conditions in the boreholes based on field screening results, the location of the APECs, and observations of olfactory and visual characteristics, if any.

A total of 25 soil samples, including six blind field duplicates, were submitted to the laboratory for chemical analysis, as summarized in the following table:

Table 3-1 Soil Samples Submitted for Chemical Analysis

SAMPLE ID	DEPTH (ITIDGS)	LABORATORT ANALTSES
17-01 S2 and duplicate 17-01 S20	0.76 - 1.52	PAHs, M&I
17-01 S5 and duplicate 17-01 S50	3.05 - 3.81	PHCs, VOCs
17-02 S2 and duplicate 17-02 S20 (PCBs only)	0.76 - 1.52	PAHs, M&I, PCBs
17-02 S8 and duplicate 17-02 S80 (PFAS only)	5.33 - 6.10	PHCs, VOCs, PFAS

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I A DODATODY ANALYSES

DEDTH (mbas)

SAMPLE ID	DEPTH (mbgs)	LABORATORY ANALYSES
17-03 S5	3.05 - 3.81	PHCs, VOCs, M&I
17-04 S1	0.00 - 0.76	M&I, PCBs
17-05 S2 and duplicate 17-05 S20 (M&I only)	0.76 - 1.52	PAHs, M&I
17-05 S3 and duplicate 17-05 S30 (PHCs and BTEX only)	3.05 - 3.81	PHCs, VOCs
17-06 S5	3.05 - 3.81	PHCs, BTEX, M&I
17-07 S4	2.29 - 3.05	PHCs, BTEX, M&I
17-08 S1	0.00 - 0.76	PHCs, VOCs, PAHs, M&I, PCBs
17-09 S2	0.76 - 1.52	PAHs, M&I
17-09 S7	4.57 - 5.33	PHCs, VOCs
17-10 S1	0.00 - 0.76	PAHs, M&I
17-10 S3	3.05 - 3.81	VOCs
17-10 S7	4.57 - 5.33	PHCs, BTEX
17-11 S2	0.76 - 1.52	PHCs, VOCs, PAHs, M&I, PCBs
17-12 S1	0.00 - 0.76	PAHs, PCBs
17-12 S2	0.76 - 1.52	PHCs, VOCs, M&I

3.5 FIELD SCREENING MEASUREMENTS

Soil samples collected from the boreholes were field screened for total organic vapours (TOV) using a photoionization detector calibrated to isobutylene. The TOV measurements are presented on the borehole logs included in Appendix A.

The field screening results showed generally low TOV readings in the boreholes, ranging from 0 to 5 ppm. Two samples (17-05 S3 and 17-10 S3) showed TOV readings above 20 ppm. These samples were submitted for laboratory analysis of VOCs.

3.6 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

Groundwater monitoring wells were installed on June 7 and 10, 2017 in seven of the boreholes advanced on the Site. Nitrile gloves were used to handle the well casings to minimize the potential for contamination during installation.

The monitoring wells were constructed using 51 mm Schedule 40 PVC risers and included a 3-m well screen (slot 10). Sand packs were placed in the annular space within the boreholes around the well screens from the bottom of the wells to approximately 0.3 m above the well screens. Bentonite hole plug seals were placed above the sand packs to a depth of 0.3 mbgs. The wells were completed with protective metal casings. The monitoring well construction details are shown on the borehole logs provided as Appendix A.

The monitoring wells were equipped with dedicated 4.3-mm inner diameter LDPE tubing and 4.8-mm inner diameter silicone tubing to facilitate well development and sampling with a peristaltic pump.

The monitoring wells installed at the Site need to be maintained in accordance with the Ontario Water Resources Act, O. Reg. 903. Once the wells are no longer required for monitoring or sampling purposes, these wells will need to be appropriately decommissioned by a licensed well contractor as required by O. Reg. 903.

3.7 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

Groundwater samples were collected on July 24 and 25, 2017 from each of the seven newly-installed monitoring wells as well as pre-existing monitoring well 12-1. Groundwater sampling was conducted by low-flow sampling techniques using a peristaltic pump using ASTM D6771: Standard Practice for Low-Flow Purging and Sampling for Wells and Devices Used for Ground-Water Quality Investigations, as a general guide. The samples were collected directly into laboratory-supplied bottles, containing preservative where required, stored on ice and submitted under standard chain of custody procedures to the laboratory. Vials used for VOC/BTEX and PHC F1 analysis were filled to achieve zero headspace.

A total of 11 groundwater samples, including three blind field duplicate samples, were submitted to the laboratory for chemical analysis, as summarized in the following table:

Table 3-2 Groundwater Samples Submitted for Chemical Analysis

SAMPLE ID LABORATORY ANALYSES

17-01	PHCs, VOCs, PAHs, M&I
17-02 and duplicate MW300 (PFAS only)	PHCs, VOCs, PAHs, M&I, PCBs, PFAS
17-03 and duplicate MW200 (PAHs and PCBs only)	PHCs, VOCs, PAHs, M&I, PCBs
17-05	PHCs, VOCs, M&I
17-06	PHCs, BTEX, M&I
17-10 and duplicate MW100	PHCs, VOCs, M&I
17-11	PHCs, VOCs, PAHs, M&I, PCBs
12-1	PHCs, BTEX, M&I

3.8 GROUNDWATER: FIELD MEASUREMENT OF WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS

The field groundwater quality measurements were obtained during low flow sampling. A YSI 556 multi-parameter flow-through cell was used to measure pH, conductivity, redox potential, dissolved oxygen and temperature in the field during low flow sampling. All measurements were recorded in the project field book, which is maintained on file. The groundwater samples collected were described as either clear and colourless or cloudy and brown with no odour detected or visible sheen.

3.9 ANALYTICAL TESTING

PFAS analysis was completed by ALS laboratory in Waterloo, Ontario.

All other laboratory analyses were completed by Maxxam Analytics (Maxxam) in Mississauga, Ontario.

ALS and Maxxam are certified by the Standards Council of Canada (SCC) and the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA).

3.10 SURVEYING

Ground surface and top of pipe elevations and UTM coordinates of the monitoring wells and borehole locations were surveyed by WSP personnel using a Sokkia Network GCX2 Rover GPS unit on July 12, 2017.

4 PHASE II REVIEW AND EVALUATION

4.1 GEOLOGY

A brief summary of the subsurface conditions encountered at the Site is presented below. Detailed borehole logs are included in Appendix A.

The boreholes were advanced through a surface layer of either topsoil (17-01, 17-04, 17-05, 17-06, 17-07, 17-08, and 17-10), sand and gravel (17-02 and 17-03), fill (17-11 and 17-12), or asphalt (17-09). Native silty clay to clayey silt glacial till (Halton Till) was encountered beneath the surface layer. The Halton Till unit extended to the maximum drilling depth of 7.6 mbgs.

Regional geological mapping shows bedrock in the area consists of red shale of the Queenston Formation. The overburden drift thickness at the Site is estimated to range from approximately 21 to 30 m.

4.2 GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS AND FLOW DIRECTION

Groundwater elevations were measured in the monitoring wells on July 24, 2017. The groundwater elevations and depths are summarized in the following table and presented on Figure 4. We note that the water levels measured in 17-02 and 17-06 were still rising and the reported levels in these wells do not represent static conditions.

Table 4-1 July 24, 2017 Groundwater Elevations

MONITORING WELL ID	TOP OF PIPE ELEVATION (mASL)	GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION (mASL)	DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER (mBGS)	GROUNDWATER ELEVATION (mASL)
17-01	98.713	97.83	1.88	95.95
17-02	98.567	97.64	3.94*	93.71
17-03	97.631	97.72	0.61	97.11
17-05	98.798	97.82	0.87	96.95
17-06	97.528	97.61	5.76*	91.86
17-10	98.761	97.77	2.22	95.55
17-11	97.632	96.72	0.98	95.74
12-1	97.468	97.67	0.56	97.11
12-2	97.107	97.36	0.47	96.89

Notes

Based on the topography of the Site, the direction of shallow groundwater flow is inferred to be to the north.

4.3 SOIL QUALITY

Laboratory analysis results for the submitted soil samples are summarized in the attached Table 1. Laboratory Certificates of Analysis are provided in Appendix B.

The following table summarizes the parameters that exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS in the submitted soil samples. The exceedances are also depicted on Figure 5.

^{*} value does not represent the static water level at this location.

Table 4-2 Summary of Parameter Exceedances in Soil

SAMPLE ID	PARAMETER	UNITS	TABLE 2 SCS	MEASURED VALUE
17-01 S2	Conductivity	mS/cm	1.4	2
17-05 S2	Conductivity	mS/cm	1.4	2.3

4.4 GROUNDWATER QUALITY

Laboratory analysis results for the submitted groundwater samples are summarized in the attached Table 2. Laboratory Certificates of Analysis are provided in Appendix B.

The following table summarizes the parameters that exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS in the submitted groundwater samples. The exceedances are also depicted on Figure 6.

Table 4-3 Summary of Parameter Exceedances in Groundwater

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE ID PARAMETER UNITS		TABLE 8 SCS	MEASURED VALUE
17-01	Cobalt Sodium Uranium	µg/L µg/L	3.8 490000 20	13 590000 69
17-02	Uranium	μg/L	20	55
17-05	Uranium	μg/L	20	69
17-06	7-06 Cobalt μg/L Selenium μg/L Uranium μg/L		3.8 10 20	7.4 20 59
17-10	Sodium Uranium	μg/L μg/L	490000 20	680000 85
17-11	Uranium	μg/L	20	31
12-1	Cobalt Sodium Uranium	µg/L µg/L	3.8 490000 20	32 740000 100

4.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL RESULTS

Six blind duplicate soil samples and three blind duplicate groundwater samples were submitted for laboratory analysis. The calculated RPDs were assessed against the recommended performance criteria outlined in the 2011 Protocol.

The soil results indicated acceptable correlation between duplicate samples with the following exceptions:

- Barium concentrations of 100 and 180 μ g/g were measured in duplicate samples 17-01 S2 and 17-01 S20 (RPD = 57%). Given that the barium concentration was below the applicable Table 2 SCS in both samples, it can be concluded with a reasonable level of confidence that the concentration of barium in soil at this location met the applicable Table 2 SCS despite some variability.
- Conductivity values of 2.3 and 0.94 mS/cm were measured in duplicate samples 17-05 S2 and 17-05 S20 (RPD = 84%). The applicable Table 2 SCS for conductivity is 1.4 μ g/g. In this case, there is disagreement between the duplicate

samples as to whether the soil meets the applicable standard. For the purposes of this due diligence assessment we have considered this sample to exceed the Table 2 SCS.

The groundwater results indicated acceptable correlation between duplicate samples, and were therefore suitable for interpretation.

A trip blank (distilled water sample), prepared by the laboratory, travelled along with the groundwater samples and was analyzed by the laboratory for VOCs. All concentrations were below the RDL, indicating no contamination from the sample containers, preservatives, and transportation and storage conditions. The results also indicate that the laboratory instrument was not detecting false interference.

ALS and Maxxam also carried out internal QA/QC measures including process recoveries, blanks, and replicate samples. The laboratory QA/QC results are provided on the Certificates of Analysis in Appendix B. The results were acceptable and therefore suitable for interpretation.

5 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

Based on the results of the investigation, the following conclusions are presented:

- Native soil at the Site consists of silty clay to clayey silt glacial till (Halton Till). The boreholes were terminated within the Halton Till unit at depths of 6.1 mbgs or 7.6 mbgs.
- At boreholes 17-11 and 17-12, 1.5 m and 2.4 m of imported fill material was observed overlying the native soil.
- Shallow groundwater was measured between depths of 0.47 and 5.76 mbgs and the groundwater flow direction is inferred to be to the north towards Lake Ontario.

Soil Quality

- The submitted soil samples met the applicable Table 2 SCS for the contaminants of concern with the exception the following two samples:
 - Samples 17-01 S2 and 17-05 S2, collected at a depth of 0.76 to 1.52 mbgs, exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS for conductivity. These boreholes were located within APEC 1 (airstrips and hangars) and APEC 6 (boat manufacturing). The conductivity exceedances in these samples may be related to these activities or road salting practices.

Groundwater Quality

- Seven of the eight groundwater samples submitted for laboratory analysis exceeded the Table 2 SCS for one or more parameters. The following analysis and interpretation of the exceedances is provided:
 - Samples 17-01, 17-06 and 12-1 exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS for cobalt. These wells are located on the south side of the Site, spread over a distance of approximately 590 m. The source of elevated cobalt in the groundwater is not known; it may be naturally occurring, or it may be an anthropogenic source such as aircraft and truck exhaust or industrial processes.
 - Samples 17-01, 17-10 and 12-1 exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS for sodium. These wells are located on the south side of the Site, spread over a distance of approximately 630 m. The elevated sodium in groundwater may be caused by the application of road salt to paved surfaces on and around the Site.
 - Selenium was measured at a concentration of 20 μ g/L in sample 17-06, exceeding the applicable Table 2 SCS of 10 μ g/L. This well is located within APEC 7 (former refuelling area). The source of elevated selenium in the groundwater at this location is not known but it may be naturally occurring. Selenium is not considered to be a contaminant of concern related to fuel storage and handling activities, which occurred at this location. We note that with the exception of well 17-02, where selenium was measured at a concentration of 2.6 μ g/L, selenium was not detected in any of the other monitoring wells on-site.
 - Uranium in groundwater exceeded the applicable Table 2 SCS of $20 \,\mu g/L$ at seven of the eight monitoring wells, with concentrations ranging from 31 to $100 \,\mu g/L$. Well 17-03 was the only location that did not exceed the applicable standard. The source of elevated uranium in the groundwater is not known; however, given its widespread distribution across the Site, and the absence of any known anthropogenic sources, it is most likely naturally-occurring due to the dissolution of uranium bearing minerals in the soil.

Based on the work completed, soil and groundwater quality on the Site do not meet the applicable Table 2 SCS. We note that proposed amendments to O. Reg. 153/04 may eliminate the need to address exceedances for conductivity in soil and sodium in groundwater related to the use of road salt.

The following recommendations are provided for your consideration:

- Additional soil sampling is recommended to characterize the imported fill material within APEC 9.
- The monitoring wells should be re-sampled to confirm the exceedances noted at the Site. We note that the
 exceedances in groundwater may be naturally occurring or related to road salting practices.
- The monitoring wells at the Site should be maintained in accordance with O. Reg. 903. If they are no longer in use, the
 monitoring wells should be decommissioned by a licenced well contractor in accordance with O. Reg. 903.

6 LIMITATIONS

This report has been prepared for the addressee. Release to any other company, concern, or individual is solely the responsibility of the addressee. WSP reserves the right to amend and/or supplement this report in the event additional information, documentation or evidence becomes available.

The information and conclusions contained in this report are based upon work undertaken by trained professional and technical staff in accordance with generally accepted engineering and scientific practices current at the time the work was performed. Any use that a third party makes of this report, or any reliance on decisions made based on it, is the responsibility of such third parties. WSP accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made, or actions taken, based on this report.

Conclusions presented in this report should not be construed as legal advice and represent the best technical judgment of WSP staff. The conclusions are based on the Site conditions observed by WSP at the time the work was performed at the specific testing and/or sampling locations, and can only be extrapolated to an undefined limited area around these locations. The extent of the limited area depends on the soil and groundwater conditions, as well as the history of the Site reflecting natural, construction and other activities. In addition, analysis has been carried out for a limited number of chemical parameters, and it should not be inferred that other chemical species are not present. Due to the nature of the investigation and the limited data available, WSP cannot warrant against undiscovered environmental liabilities or adverse impacts off-Site.

If any conditions become apparent that differ significantly from our understanding of conditions as presented in this report, we request that we be notified immediately to reassess the conclusions and recommendations provided herein.

7 QUALIFICATIONS OF THE ASSESSORS

Ms. Rachel Bryan, M.A.Sc., P.Eng., QP_{ESA} , is a Project Engineer in the Hamilton, Ontario office of WSP. She has experience in conducting Phase I and II Environmental Site Assessments on numerous residential, commercial, and industrial properties. Ms. Bryan also has experience in completing soil and groundwater contaminant delineation programs and is a Qualified Person (QP_{ESA}) with the MOECC under Ontario Regulation 153/04. She has also directed the implementation of soil remediation programs, verification sampling, and site restoration activities.

Mr. David A. MacGillivray, P.Eng., P.Geo., $QP_{ESA,RA}$, is the National Discipline Lead for Contaminated Lands and Environmental Site Assessments for WSP Canada. He is responsible for the operations of the environment group at WSP's Hamilton location. Mr. MacGillivray's career experience has included assignments involving Brownfields such as Phase One and Two ESAs, Record of Site Conditions, Risk Assessments, and Risk Management Plans. He has worked extensively in the area of groundwater resource development and groundwater impact assessment. Mr. MacGillivray also provides expertise in the completion of geotechnical and groundwater control studies for civil projects including subdivisions, transportation, buildings, and servicing. Mr. MacGillivray is a Qualified Person ($QP_{ESA,RA}$) with the Ministry of the Environment to complete Risk Assessments and submit Records of Site Condition under Ontario Regulation 153/04 (Brownfield Regulation).

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CAO 04-2019
Appendix 4
Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport
Phase II Environmental Assessment Report



PHASE II ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT NIAGARA CENTRAL DOROTHY RUNGELING AIRPORT 435 RIVER ROAD PELHAM, ONTARIO

Submitted to:

NIAGARA CENTRAL DOROTHY RUNGELING AIRPORT
435 River Road
Pelham, Ontario
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Submitted by:

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October 11, 2017

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Distribution:

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Amec Foster Wheeler Environment & Infrastructure, a division of Amec Foster Wheeler Americas Limited (Amec Foster Wheeler), was retained by Mr. Richard Rybiak of Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport (the CLIENT or NCDRA) to conduct a Phase II Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) of the property located at 435 River Road in Pelham, Ontario (the Site). A key plan showing the location of the Site is provided in **Figure 1**. At the time of the Phase II ESA, the Site was owned by an airport commission consisting of four municipalities (Pelham, Welland, Port Colborne and Wainfleet). It was occupied by NCDRA, as well as various tenants including Niagara Sky Dive Centre Inc., the Royal Canadian Air Cadets (RCAC) and various private individuals which own the eleven (11) on-Site hangars. Reportedly, these private individuals rent the land from NCDRA and can construct, own and occupy the hangar structures. In addition, farmland around the perimeters of the Site are leased to neighbouring land owners for agricultural purposes, while a small area on the south side of the Site is leased to a weather company who utilizes this area as a weather recording station. **Figure 2** illustrates the lot configuration of the Site.

The CLIENT retained Amec Foster Wheeler to provide an evaluation of known and possible environmental issues at the Site for due diligence purposes prior to potentially transitioning ownership of the Site to the Regional Municipality of Niagara (RMON).

1.1 Background

Amec Foster Wheeler completed a Phase I ESA at the Site entitled, "Phase I Environmental Site Assessment, Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport, 435 River Road, Pelham, Ontario" (Phase I ESA) draft report dated October 5, 2017 and prepared for the Client (reference # TG171038). There were no changes in ownership or occupancy of the Site between completion of the Phase I and II ESAs.

The following conclusions were presented in the Phase I ESA:

Based on a review of the available information sources, including discussions with the Site representatives, it appears that the Site was utilized for agricultural purposes until the early 1940s when, during the Second World War, it was developed for the purposes of training RCAF pilots. After the war, the airport continued to be utilized for the training of private pilots and soon became a recreational and commercial airport facility. At the time of the reconnaissance, the Site was owned by an airport commission consisting of four municipalities (Pelham, Welland, Port Colborne and Wainfleet). It was occupied by NCDRA, as well as various tenants including Niagara Sky Dive Centre Inc., the RCAC and various private individuals which own the eleven (11) on-Site hangars. Reportedly, these private individuals rent the land from NCDRA and can construct, own and occupy the hangar structures. In addition, farmland around the perimeters of the Site are leased to neighbouring land owners for agricultural purposes, while a small area on the south side of the Site is leased to a weather company who utilizes this area as a weather recording station.



The following potentially significant environmental issues were identified concerning the Site:

- The Site has been utilized as an airport facility since the early 1940s. As part of this activity, it is presumed that various fuel tanks (for fueling planes and building heating purposes) and maintenance chemicals have been present on the Site. Currently, there are three (3) aboveground storage tanks (ASTs) utilized for heating fuel and two (2) underground storage tanks (USTs) utilized for aviation fuel present at the Site.
- Falls Aviation Limited at the Site was listed as an industrial waste generator (ON6036283)
 for waste oils and lubricants (waste class 252) in 2003, 2004, 2010, 2011 and 2012. This
 is presumed to be associated with the plane maintenance and repair operations that occur
 at the Site.
- A maintenance shop was historically present (i.e., early 1940s to early 1970s) on the south side of the Site. Discussions with the Site representatives confirmed that this was a full mechanical garage with pits utilized for the purposes of servicing vehicles.
- Historically, barracks, along with an incinerator (which is still present) were also located at the Site. The historic heating fuel utilized in the barracks is unknown. Additionally, it is unknown what materials were historically incinerated in the incinerator.
- As per discussion with the Site representatives and the Ontario Spills database, a plane
 collision in October 2016 resulted in 2,400 pounds of aviation fuel being spilled to the
 ground. Based on the ERIS report and discussions with the Site representatives, all the
 spilled aviation fuel was contained and properly cleaned up; however, a report detailing
 the clean-up activities was not provided to Amec Foster Wheeler for review.
- Based on the original date of construction of Hangars 1 and 3 and the pump house (i.e., early 1940s), as well as Hangar 2 (i.e., 1970s), asbestos containing materials (ACMs), lead containing paint and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in fluorescent light ballasts may be present.

Based on a review of the available information sources, the properties surrounding the Site have always been utilized for agricultural and residential purposes. Based on a review of the available information sources and on observations of current and historical surrounding properties (from publicly accessible locations), it is Amec Foster Wheeler's opinion that no significant environmental issues were identified concerning the Site's surrounding land use activities.

Based on the Phase I ESA completed by Amec Foster Wheeler, there is evidence of potential contamination associated with the Site. A Phase II ESA is recommended to address these potential concerns.



In addition, to address potential operational / management issues, Amec Foster Wheeler offers the following recommendation:

 A Designated Substances Survey (DSS) is required if future repair, renovation or demolition activities are planned which could affect possible ACMs, LCPs and PCB containing fluorescent light ballasts. A DSS is required to fulfil the Owner's requirements under Section 30 of the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act, (the OHSA), Revised Statutes of Ontario 1990, (as amended). The building owner must provide the DSS report to all contractors working on the Property. Subsequently, all contractors must provide the DSS report to their subcontractors.

1.2 Objective and Scope of Work

Amec Foster Wheeler's scope of work for the Phase II ESA included the drilling of seven boreholes (with associated soil sampling and analytical programs), installation of five ground water monitoring wells (with associated ground water sampling and analytical program) and collection of a surface soil sample, in an effort to determine Site characteristics and contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) including, metals, including hydrides, mercury, general inorganics (including electrical conductivity [EC], sodium adsorption ratio [SAR] and cyanide, free), fractionized petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs) in the F1 to F4 ranges, volatile organic compounds (VOCs) or benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and xylenes (collectively referred to as BTEX, a short list of VOC parameters typically associated with PHCs), polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and organochlorine pesticides (OCs). The surface sample, boreholes and monitoring wells were placed in exterior areas of the Site to address concerns identified in the Phase I ESA, as follows:

- BH/MW1 in front (west) of old maintenance shop;
- BH/MW2 behind the Air Cadets hangar, adjacent to a fuel oil aboveground storage tank (AST);
- BH/MW3 in front (west) of current maintenance shop;
- BH/MW4 adjacent to the Jet A fuel underground storage tanks (USTs);
- BH5 adjacent to the east runway;
- BH/MW6 on the abandoned (central) runway;
- BH7 off the main (west) runway, in an area where a spill had previously occurred in October 2016; and
- SS101 in the area of the former on-Site incinerator.



It is Amec Foster Wheeler's understanding that the Phase II ESA is not required for filing a Record of Site Condition (RSC) under Ontario Regulation 153/04 (*O. Reg. 153/04*, as amended). As such all work completed under this project was performed in general accordance with standard engineering practices and the following documents:

- Ministry of the Environment (MOE) document entitled "Guide for Completing Phase Two Environmental Site Assessments under Ontario Regulation 153/04" dated June 2011;
- Ministry of the Environment and Energy (MOEE) document entitled "Guidance on Sampling and Analytical Methods for Use at Contaminated Sites in Ontario", dated December 1996;
- MOE document entitled "Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act" issued by the Laboratory Services Branch of the MOE and dated March 9, 2004, amended as of July 1, 2011 (Analytical Protocol); and
- All analytical results were compared to the appropriate standards identified in the Ministry
 of the Environment and Climate Change (MOECC) document entitled; "Soil, Ground Water
 and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act"
 dated April 15, 2011 (MOECC SCS).

All work completed during the Phase II ESA was carried out in accordance with the Terms of Reference as provided in Amec Foster Wheeler's proposal dated August 4, 2017 and signed by the Client on August 14, 2017. It must be noted that the scope of work completed by Amec Foster Wheeler, as part of this assessment, may not be sufficient (in and of itself) to meet the reporting requirements for the submission of a RSC in accordance with *O. Reg. 153/04*, as amended. If a RSC is an intended product of work conducted at the Site, further consultation and/or work is required.



2.0 WORK PROGRAM AND METHODOLOGY

This section describes the methods used during this subsurface investigation work, including all drilling, and soil and ground water sampling activities. Laboratory quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures are also discussed.

Borehole drilling, soil sampling and ground water monitoring well installation activities were undertaken on September 11 and 12, 2017. Ground water monitoring well development and sampling activities were undertaken between September 19 and 21, 2017.

All borehole and monitoring well locations in the investigation area are illustrated on **Figure 2**. The borehole locations were selected to address areas of potential environmental concern identified during the Phase I ESA, as noted in Section 1.1.

The borehole drilling, monitoring well installation and soil and ground water sampling procedures used are detailed below.

2.1 Field Preparation

2.1.1 Subsurface Utility Locates

The locations of all buried and overhead services were obtained prior to the initiation of the subsurface investigation. Peninsula Video and Sound (PVS), located some of the public utilities on-Site (telephone, natural gas, hydro), as per their contract with Ontario-One-Call and the service providers. Niagara Locates Inc., a specialist private utility locating firm, was retained to undertake the private subsurface utility locates (for utilities not located by the above-referenced service providers).

2.2 Subsurface Investigations and Soil Sampling

2.2.1 Borehole Drilling and Soil Sampling

Under the supervision of Amec Foster Wheeler, a total of seven boreholes were drilled and five ground water monitoring wells were installed on September 11 and 12, 2017 by Direct Environmental Drilling (DED) of St. Thomas, Ontario (MOE License Number 7320). The boreholes were advanced to a maximum depth of between 3.0 and 6.7 metres below ground surface (mbgs) using a Geoprobe 7822 DT track mounted drill rig. Continuous samples were obtained in 1.5 m intervals throughout the borehole advancement. Soil cuttings generated during the investigation were minimal and left on-Site in a 208 Litre (L) steel drum. The locations of the boreholes and monitoring wells are shown on **Figure 2**. Details of the borehole drilling, as well as soil sampling, are provided in the borehole logs in **Appendix A**. All drilling activities were completed under the supervision of Amec Foster Wheeler field staff.



2.2.2 Surface Soil Sampling

On September 11, 2013, Amec Foster Wheeler collected one (1) grab (discrete) surface soil sample (SS101) from the topsoil located in the immediate vicinity of the former on-Site incinerator. The approximate sampling location is shown on **Figure 2**. The soil sample was placed in a labeled, laboratory-provided container, and was stored on ice in an insulated cooler for shipment to the laboratory.

2.2.3 Field Screening Measurements

All soil samples collected during drilling were screened in the field for gross evidence of negative environmental impact including staining and odours. Soil sample headspace screening was also performed to facilitate sample selections for laboratory analysis and to provide an assessment of the vertical contaminant distributions at each location. The duplicate soil sample fractions were screened for combustible organic vapour (COV) and total organic vapour (TOV) concentrations using the sample headspace method. COV and TOV concentrations were measured using an RKI EAGLE 2TM combustible vapour analyzer equipped with dual sensors and calibrated to known hexane and isobutylene standards and operated in methane elimination mode. The RKI EAGLE 2TM can detect 0-11,000 parts per million (ppm) and 0-100 % Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) with an accuracy of ±5% and the calibration standard is Hexane. The equipment is calibrated every day prior to the commencement of fieldwork.

The TOV/COV screening measures the cumulative organic/combustible vapour present within sample headspace. TOV/COV results are semi-quantitative at best and are generally only used for relative sample comparison purposes when selecting samples from individual boreholes for laboratory analysis.

The soil vapour concentrations are included in the borehole logs in **Appendix A**.

2.2.4 Sample Logging and Handling

The soil samples retrieved during the field investigations were examined, classified, and logged per soil type, moisture content, colour, consistency, and presence of visual and/or olfactory indicators of negative impact.

All soil samples were collected in accordance with strict environmental sampling protocols to minimize loss of volatile organics and to ensure reliable and representative results. All soil sampling equipment was thoroughly decontaminated between soil sample locations to prevent potential cross-contamination. Decontamination activities included:

- Physical removal of any adhered debris;
- Wash/scrub in "Alconox" soap solution:



- Distilled water rinse; and
- Methanol rinse/air drying.

Soil samples were split into duplicate fractions upon recovery. The primary sample fractions were placed into glass jars with Teflon-lined lids supplied by the laboratory with no preservative and samples that were potentially going to be submitted for analysis for PHC F1 and VOC/BTEX were sampled using dedicated laboratory prepared syringes into a 40 milliLitre (mL) vial preserved with methanol and delivered to the laboratory within 48 hours. All samples were subsequently stored in coolers on ice for future potential laboratory analysis. The duplicate sample fractions were placed in resealable plastic sample bags. Each sample was labeled using a unique identifier (borehole of origin and depth interval below grade). All samples were delivered to the laboratory under continuous Chain of Custody documentation.

All laboratory chemical analyses were conducted by Paracel Laboratories Limited (Paracel), an ISO 17025-accredited laboratory located in Ottawa, Ontario, except for OCs. The OC samples were subcontracted by Paracel to Testmark Laboratories Ltd., an ISO 17025-accredited laboratory located in Garson, Ontario.

The criteria for the selection of soil samples for laboratory analysis were based visual/olfactory observations and TOV/COV readings. The soil samples were submitted for pH determination, and analysis of metals including hydrides, mercury, general inorganics (EC, SAR and cyanide, free), PHCs, VOCs or BTEX, PAHs and OCs. The specific borehole/monitoring well locations and depth intervals of samples selected for analysis and the parameters they were submitted for are included in the Tables appendix at the end of this report.

2.3 Monitoring Well Installations

Overburden monitoring wells were installed at five locations, BH/MW1, BH/MW2, BH/MW3, BH/MW4 and BH/MW6 (**Figure 2**). These wells were installed to obtain hydrogeologic and ground water quality information from the hydrostratigraphic zone. These locations were selected for the monitoring wells as they represent the areas on the Site with the highest potential for ground water impact (refer to Section 1.2).

The monitoring wells were constructed using 51-millimetre (mm) diameter, schedule 40, flush-joint threaded PVC monitoring well supplies. The wells were completed with a 3.05 m length of #10 mill slotted intake screen. The top of the intake screen was then extended to the ground surface using solid riser pipe. A silica sand filter pack was placed between the intake screen and the wall of the borehole. The filter pack was extended approximately 0.3 m above the top of the well screen. A bentonite seal was placed above the sand pack to surface. The wells were completed with flush mount protective casings. Details of the monitoring well construction are included in the borehole logs in **Appendix A**.



2.3.1 Well Development, Ground Water Level Measurement, Purging and Sampling

The ground water monitoring wells installed at the Site during the investigation were instrumented with dedicated Waterra[™] foot valve inertial pumps fitted with polyethylene tubing to facilitate well development. The newly installed wells were developed on September 19, 2017 by purging three well volumes using dedicated instrumentation (i.e., foot valve and tubing) or by purging dry two times. The monitoring wells were subsequently purged using low flow sampling techniques on September 21, 2017 until various parameters (including pH, conductivity and temperature) had reached stabilization criteria. During development and purging, an oil/water interface meter was used to measure potential accumulations of Light Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids (LNAPL) or Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids (DNAPL), and ground water levels in the well.

Following monitoring and purging activities, Amec Foster Wheeler collected a ground water sample from each monitoring well into labelled, laboratory-provided containers using the low flow sampling system with dedicated instrumentation. The samples were stored in a cooler on ice after collection and during transportation to the laboratory where they were delivered under continuous Chain of Custody documentation. The sampling methodology including jar, bottle and preservative requirements followed the Analytical Protocol.

The representative ground water samples collected during the investigation was submitted for laboratory analysis of suspect COPCs including metals, EC, SAR, PHCs, VOCs or BTEX and OCs. All laboratory chemical analyses were conducted by Paracel.



3.0 RESULTS OF THE FIELD INVESTIGATION

3.1 Site Geology

The subsurface conditions encountered at the Site are described in the borehole logs provided in **Appendix A**.

In general, the surficial conditions encountered at the Site during the borehole drilling program consisted of surface structure (asphalt over granular fill at BH6, topsoil at BH/MW2 and BH/MW5, and sandy gravel fill at all other boreholes) extending to depths between 0.1 and 0.3 mbgs, overlying a layer of fill to a maximum of 1.7 mbgs. The fill layer generally consisted of silty clay / clayey silt fill, with traces of fine to medium gravel, organics and/or silty sand, and black, grey or light brown seams. Pieces of brick were also observed in the fill in BH/MW4.

The fill was found to overly a native brown silty clay / clayey silt with traces of silty sand, fine to medium gravel, and/or organics, and grey, red or light brown seams to the maximum drilled depth of 6.7 mbgs.

All boreholes were open and dry upon completion of the drilling program. The ground water levels measured in the five monitoring wells prior to development ranged from 1.5 to 5.4 mbgs and prior to sampling ranged from 3.9 to 5.8 mbgs.

3.2 Field Measurements

3.2.1 Staining and Odours

Visual and/or olfactory evidence of petroleum hydrocarbon or any other chemical-like impact was not observed during the drilling program except for some dark staining (no odour detected) in BH/MW3 (0.1-1.5 mbgs). The dark staining was inferred to be natural organics (confirmed by laboratory analysis, refer to Section 5.1).

3.2.2 COV and TOV Concentrations

COV concentration headspace measurements recorded in the soil samples collected from the boreholes ranged from non-detectable to 70 parts per million (ppm) in all samples except for BH/MW3-4 and BH/MW6-4 (190 ppm and 260 ppm, respectively). TOV concentration headspace measurements recorded in the soil samples collected from the boreholes ranged from non-detectable to 2 ppm. The COV and TOV concentrations headspace measurements are summarized in the borehole logs in **Appendix A**.



It is Amec Foster Wheeler's opinion that the results of the screening program suggest a low potential for the presence of significant combustible soil headspace vapour levels in the soil/fill samples collected from the boreholes, except for BH/MW3-4 and BH/MW6-4, which had a slightly higher potential for the presence of significant combustible soil headspace vapour. Laboratory analysis was performed to confirm and quantify these results.

3.2.3 LNAPL and DNAPL

During the development, purging and sampling of the monitoring wells, no LNAPL or DNAPL were observed.



4.0 REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

The SCS applicable to the Site have been evaluated based on the following rationale:

- The Site is occupied by an airport, which is classified as industrial use in accordance with O. Req. 153/04;
- Grain size analyses was completed on a representative sample of the soils encountered on-Site (a composite of BH/MW1-3, BH/MW3-1, BH/MW3-2). The results of the grain size analyses indicated the sample is classified as medium and fine grained (i.e., contains 50% or more by mass of particles that are smaller than 75 μm (*O. Reg. 153/04, s.42 (2)*) with 97% passing the 75 μm sieve. As such, the Site has been classified as having medium and fine textured soils:
- No wells are present on the Site; however, the Site is in a rural area where water service
 is not available, and based on a search of the MOECC interactive well record mapping
 tool completed for the Phase I ESA, domestic wells are present at various properties within
 250 m of the Site. As such, the SCS for use in a potable ground water condition are
 applicable to the Site;
- In accordance with *O. Reg. 153/04*, the Site includes land that is within 30 m of a "water body" (i.e., Welland River);
- Based on the boreholes drilled for the Phase II ESA, the depth to bedrock is greater than 2 m; and
- The Site was evaluated against the criteria for *Environmentally Sensitive Areas*, as defined by *O. Reg. 153/04* as amended:
 - Soil pH values were reported between 7.2 and 7.6 in the four soil/fill samples submitted from the borehole samples. The reported soil pH for all soil samples was within 5.0 to 9.0 units for surface soil (surface to 1.5 mbgs) and 5.0 to 11.0 units for subsurface soil (below 1.5 mbgs) (**Table 2**).
 - The Site, and lands within 30 m of the Site, were assessed for *Areas of Natural Significance*, as defined by *O. Reg. 153/04* as amended. The Site is classified as an Area of Natural Significance as:
 - Based on a review of the Niagara Region Core Natural Heritage Map, lands to the northeast, northwest and southwest of the Site are identified as Core Natural Areas (*Environmental Conservation Areas* and *Environmental Protection Areas*.



Based on a review of the Town of Pelham Official Plan, Schedule B, the lands noted above are identified as Provincially Significant Wetlands (PSW), and lands to the northwest and east of the Site area classified as Deer Wintering Areas (Significant Wildlife Habitat). The woodlot northwest of the Site was labelled "Welland Airport Woodlot", and the lands south of the Site were identified as E.C. Brown Conservation Area.

Based on the above site characteristics (specifically, the presence of an Area of Natural Significance within 30 m of the Site), the SCS currently applicable to the Site, if a RSC were to be filed for the Site, are the Table 1 Full Depth Background Site Condition Standards, residential/parkland/institutional/industrial/commercial/community property use and medium and fine textured soils (Table 1 SCS). However, it is noted that all borehole/monitoring well locations are located greater than 30 m from any Areas of Natural Significance and greater than 30 m from any water body and there is no intent to file a RSC for the Site. As such, as this Phase II ESA is being completed for due diligence purposes, the results have been compared to the Table 2 Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition, industrial/commercial/community property use and medium and fine textured soils (Table 2 SCS). The results have also been compared to the Table 1 SCS for reference.



5.0 LABORATORY ANALYSES

5.1 Soil Sample Analyses

The results of the soil sample analyses, and their respective Tables 1 and 2 SCS, are summarized in **Tables 1 through 4**. The laboratory certificates of analysis are included in **Appendix B**.

The results of the analyses are summarized below:

- Seven samples from the borehole drilling program (BH/MW1-1c, B/H/MW2-1c, BH/MW2-4d, BH/MW4-1c and its field duplicate Dup B, BH5-1A and BH/MW6-1Bc) were submitted for pH determination. The pH ranged from 7.2 to 7.6 for surficial soils and was 7.6 for subsurface soils.
- Seven samples from the borehole drilling program (BH/MW1-1c, B/H/MW2-1c, BH/MW3-1c, BH/MW4-1c and its duplicate Dup B, BH5-1A, BH/MW6-1Bc) were submitted for EC and SAR analyses. EC and SAR were below the Table 2 SCS in all samples.
 - When compared to the Table 1 SCS, the following exceedance was identified:
 - EC in BH/MW6-1bc (943 microSiemens per centimetre [μS/cm]) versus the Table 1 SCS of 570 μS/cm.
- One sample from the borehole drilling program (BH/MW1-1c) was submitted for Cyanide, free analyses. Cyanide, free was not detected above the laboratory method detection limit (MDL) and was therefore below the Tables 1 and 2 SCS in this sample.
- Eight samples from the borehole drilling program (BH/MW1-1c, B/H/MW2-1c, BH/MW3-1c, BH/MW4-1c and its duplicate Dup B, BH5-1A, BH/MW6-1Bc, BH7-1bc) and one surface soil sample (SS101) were submitted for metals analyses. Concentrations of metals parameters were not detected above the laboratory MDLs and/or were below the Table 2 SCS in all samples with the following exceptions:
 - Lead in SS101 (257 micrograms per gram {μg/g}) versus the Table 2 SCS of 120 μg/g.
 - When compared to the Table 1 SCS, in addition to the lead noted above (Table 1 SCS for lead is also 120 μg/g), the following exceedances were identified:
 - Antimony in SS101 (5.2 μg/g versus the Table 1 SCS of 1.3 μg/g); and
 - Zinc in SS101 (327 μg/g versus the Table 1 SCS of 290 μg/g).



- Two samples from the borehole drilling program (BH/MW3-4d and BH/MW6-4d) were submitted for VOC analyses, five samples were submitted for PHC and BTEX analyses (BH/MW1-1d, BH/MW2-4d, BH/MW3-1d, BH/MW4-1d, BH7-1bd) and one sample (BH/MW4-2AD) was submitted for PHC analyses. Concentrations of PHC and VOC/BTEX parameters were not detected above the laboratory MDLs or were below the Table 2 SCS in all samples.
 - When compared to the Table 1 SCS, all submitted samples were below the Table 1 SCS for VOCs/BTEX, however, the following exceedances for PHCs were identified:
 - F3 and F4 range PHCs in BH/MW1-1d (307 μg/g and 149 μg/g respectively versus the Table 1 SCS of 240 μg/g and 120 μg/g, respectively); and
 - F4 range PHCs in BH/MW4-2AD (545 μg/g versus the Table 1 SCS of 120 μg/g).
- One surface sample (SS101) was submitted for PAH analyses. PAHs were not detected above the laboratory MDLs or were present at levels below the Tables 1 and 2 SCS.
- Three samples from the borehole drilling program (B/H/MW2-1d, BH/MW6-1A and BH7-1A) were submitted for OCs analyses. Concentrations of OCs parameters were not detected above the laboratory MDLs and were below the Tables 1 and 2 SCS in all samples.

5.2 Ground Water Sample Analyses

The results of the ground water sample analyses, and their respective Table 2 SCS, are summarized in **Tables 5 through 7**. The laboratory certificates of analysis are included in **Appendix B**.

The results of the analyses are summarized below:

- Five ground water samples (BH/MW1, BH/MW2, BH/MW3, BH/MW4 and BH/MW6) were submitted for metals analysis. Concentrations of metals parameters were not detected above the laboratory MDLs and/or were below the Table 2 SCS with the following exceptions:
 - Cobalt in BH/MW4 (6.2 micrograms per Litre [μg/L]) versus the Table 2 SCS of 3.8 μg/L;
 - o Sodium in BH/MW6 (568,000 μg/L) versus the Table 2 SCS of 490,000 μg/L; and



- $_{\odot}$ Uranium in BH/MW3, BH/MW4 and BH/MW6 (34.5, 35.4 and 36.6 $\mu g/L$ respectively) versus the Table 2 SCS of 20 $\mu g/L$
- When compared to the Table 1 SCS, in addition to the exceedances noted above (Table 1 SCS for cobalt and sodium are the same as Table 2 SCS; Table 1 SCS for uranium is 8.9 μg/L), the following exceedances were identified:
 - Uranium in BH/MW2 (19.5 μg/L) versus the Table 1 SCS of 8.9 μg/L.
- Four ground water samples (BH/MW2, BH/MW3, BH/MW4 and its field duplicate DUP A) were submitted for PHCs and VOCs analysis and an additional two ground water samples (BH/MW1 and BH/MW6) were submitted for PHC and BTEX analysis. Concentrations of PHC and VOC/BTEX parameters were not detected above the laboratory MDLs and were therefore below both the Tables 1 and 2 SCS in all samples.
- Five ground water samples (BH/MW1, BH/MW2, BH/MW3, BH/MW4 and BH/MW6) were submitted for OCs analysis. OCs were not detected above the laboratory MDL or were present at levels below both the Tables 1 and 2 SCS in all samples.

5.3 Quality Assurance Program

5.3.1 Accreditation

The analytical laboratory employed to perform the laboratory analyses (Paracel) is accredited by the Standards Council of Canada/Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Standards in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025:2005 – "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories" for the tested parameters and has met the standards for proficiency testing developed by the Standards Council of Canada for parameters set out in the Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards.

5.3.2 Data Validation

Field QA/QC Program

The field QA/QC program consisted of analyzing one blind field duplicate soil sample for metals, pH, EC and SAR (Dup B, a field duplicate of BH/MW4-1c) and a blind field duplicate ground water sample for PHCs and VOCs (Dup A, a field duplicate of BH/MW4). The RPDs for the soil and ground water field duplicate samples were non-calculable or within acceptable limits except for EC in the BH/MW4-1c and Dup B (38% vs 10%). It is noted that the RPD values in the Analytical Protocol are for duplicate samples collected at the laboratory and are used for comparison to the RPDs calculated for field duplicates.



A field blank sample was submitted for analysis of VOCs. Field blanks are samples of laboratory provided reverse osmosis deionized (RODI) water, which is poured into a set of sample bottles at the same time and in the same general area as the samples are collected. The field blank is used to determine if there is presence of contamination because of field handling. The field blank was non-detectable for all parameters analyzed, indicating that the field activities did not bias the reported results.

A trip blank was submitted for analysis for VOCs. A trip blank is a sample of RODI water prepared and filled into the relevant sample bottles by the laboratory. The sample is sent with the bottle shipment, taken out to the field and then shipped back with the collected samples for analysis (not opened at any time by field staff). All parameters were found to be non-detectable in the trip blank.

A trip spike was submitted for analysis for VOCs. A trip spike is a sample of RODI water to which a known amount of analyte of interest and appropriate preservative has been added by the laboratory. This sample is also sent with the bottle shipment, taken out to the field and then shipped back with the collected samples for analysis (not opened at any time by field staff). The trip spike recoveries were considered within the acceptable ranges.

All fieldwork was conducted in accordance with the applicable sampling guidelines, which included dedicated sampling equipment, disposable gloves, and sample preservation, where required.

Laboratory QA/QC Program

All sample analyses were performed within the required sample/extract hold times.

The analytical results reported for all laboratory duplicate, blank and spike samples were acceptable except as specified on the laboratory certificates of analyses (**Appendix B**).

In general, no information provided in the QA/QC results for soil and ground water samples would impact the findings of the Phase II ESA.



6.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Phase II ESA included the drilling of seven boreholes, installation of five ground water monitoring wells (with associated sampling and analytical programs) and collection of one surface sample to determine Site characteristics and COPCs including, metals, general inorganics, PHCs, VOC/BTEX, PAHs and OCs. The surface sample, boreholes and monitoring wells were placed in exterior areas of the Site to address concerns identified in the Phase I ESA, as follows:

- BH/MW1 in front (west) of old maintenance shop;
- BH/MW2 behind the Air Cadets hangar, adjacent to a fuel oil AST;
- BH/MW3 in front (west) of current maintenance shop;
- BH/MW4 adjacent to the Jet A fuel USTs;
- BH5 adjacent to the east runway;
- BH/MW6 on the abandoned (central) runway:
- BH7 off the main (west) runway, in an area where a spill had previously occurred; and
- SS101 in the area of the former on-Site incinerator.

In general, the surficial conditions encountered at the Site during the borehole drilling program consisted of surface structure (asphalt over granular fill at BH6, topsoil at BH/MW2 and BH/MW5, and sandy gravel fill at all other boreholes) extending to depths between 0.1 and 0.3 mbgs, overlying a layer of fill to a maximum of 1.7 mbgs. The fill layer generally consisted of silty clay / clayey silt fill, with traces of fine to medium gravel, organics and/or silty sand, and black, grey or light brown seams. Pieces of brick were also observed in the fill in BH/MW4.

The fill was found to overly a native brown silty clay / clayey silt with traces of silty sand, fine to medium gravel, and/or organics, and grey, red or light brown seams to the maximum drilled depth of 6.7 mbgs. All boreholes were open and dry upon completion of the drilling program. The ground water levels measured in the five monitoring wells prior to development ranged from 1.5 to 5.4 mbgs and prior to sampling ranged from 3.9 to 5.8 mbgs.

Visual and/or olfactory evidence of petroleum hydrocarbon or any other chemical-like impact was not observed during the drilling program except for some dark staining (no odour detected) in BH/MW3 (0.1-1.5 mbgs). The dark staining was inferred to be natural organics (confirmed by laboratory analysis, refer to Section 5.1).

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Phase II Environmental Site Assessment 435 River Road, Pelham, Ontario October 2017



During the development, purging and sampling of the monitoring wells, no LNAPL or DNAPL were observed.

Based on the presence of an Area of Natural Significance within 30 m of the Site, the SCS currently applicable to the Site, if a RSC were to be filed for the Site, are the Table 1 Full Depth Background Site Condition Standards, residential/parkland/institutional/industrial/commercial/community property use and medium and fine textured soils (Table 1 SCS). However, it is noted that all borehole/monitoring well locations are located greater than 30 m from any Areas of Natural Significance and greater than 30 m from any water body and there is no intent to file an RSC for the Site. As such, as this Phase II ESA is being completed for due diligence purposes, the results have been compared to the Table 2 Full Depth Generic Site Condition Standards in a Potable Ground Water Condition, industrial/commercial/community property use and medium and fine textured soils (Table 2 SCS). The results have also been compared to the Table 1 SCS for reference.

The results of the soil and ground water chemical analyses indicated that the concentrations of all general inorganics, metals, PHC, VOC/BTEX, PAH and OC parameters in all samples were below the Table 2 SCS with the following exceptions:

- Lead in soil in surface samples SS101 (257 μg/g versus the Table 2 SCS of 120 μg/g).
 SS101 was a grab sample of topsoil collected near the on-Site incinerator representing a depth of 0 to 0.2 mbgs.
- Cobalt in ground water sample BH/MW4 (6.2 μg/L versus that Table 2 SCS of 3.8 μg/L);
- Sodium in ground water sample BH/MW6 (568,000 μg/L versus the Table 2 SCS of 490,000 μg/L); and
- Uranium in ground water samples BH/MW3, BH/MW4 and BH/MW6 (34.5, 35.4 and 36.6 µg/L respectively) versus the Table 2 SCS of 20 µg/L.

In addition to the above, the following additional exceedances were noted when the results were compared to the more stringent Table 1 SCS:

- EC in soil sample BH/MW6-1bc (943 μS/cm) versus the Table 1 SCS of 570 μS/cm;
- Antimony and zinc in surface soil sample SS101 (5.2 μg/g and 327 μg/g respectively, versus the Table 1 SCS of 1.3 μg/g and 290 μg/g, respectively);
- F3 and F4 range PHCs in soil sample BH/MW1-1d (307 μg/g and 149 μg/g respectively versus the Table 1 SCS of 240 μg/g and 120 μg/g, respectively);



- F4 range PHCs in soil sample BH/MW4-2AD (545 μg/g versus the Table 1 SCS of 120 μg/g); and
- Uranium in BH/MW2 (19.5 μg/L) versus the Table 1 SCS of 8.9 μg/L.

To determine the area of concern for elevated metals near the on-Site incinerator, Amec Foster Wheeler recommends the collection and submission of additional surface samples (both at surface and at depth for vertical delineation) for metals analyses. This would allow us to estimate a remediation area, if the Client elects to complete a remediation of the metal-impacted soils.

In addition, Amec Foster Wheeler recommends that additional intrusive investigations be completed in order to adequately address all of the potential environmental issues identified in the Phase I ESA. Additional boreholes with associated soil sampling and laboratory analysis are recommended in the following areas: in the vicinity of the existing USTs, in the general location of former ASTs or USTs (if these can be identified), within the footprint of the former maintenance shop (specifically in pits, previous oil or chemical storage locations and for general coverage), in the location of the former barracks, additional coverage in the area of the 2016 fuel spill, and for general coverage in the developed portions of the Site.

It has been Amec Foster Wheeler's experience on other properties near the Site that cobalt, sodium and uranium can be naturally elevated above the Tables 1 or 2 SCS in wells installed in native silty clay. As this is also the case at this Site, it is inferred that these metals in ground water are more likely naturally occurring rather than elevated because of on-Site activities.

It is our understanding that the CLIENT will review the findings of this Phase II ESA and determine the future course of action.

Should the ground water monitoring wells no longer be required, they must be maintained or abandoned in accordance with the requirements of Section 21(3) of Ontario Regulation 903 – Wells which states "the well owner shall immediately abandon the well if it is not being used or maintained for future use as a well".

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Phase II Environmental Site Assessment 435 River Road, Pelham, Ontario October 2017



7.0 LIMITATIONS

This report was prepared for the exclusive use of Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport and is intended to provide a Phase II ESA of the property at 435 River Road, in Pelham, Ontario at the time of the Site visit. Any use which a third party makes of this report, or any reliance on or decisions to be made based on it, are the responsibility of the third party. Should additional parties require reliance on this report, written authorization from Amec Foster Wheeler will be required. With respect to third parties, Amec Foster Wheeler has no liability or responsibility for losses of any kind whatsoever, including direct or consequential financial effects on transactions or property values, or requirements for follow-up actions and costs.

The investigation undertaken by Amec Foster Wheeler with respect to this report and any conclusions or recommendations made in this report reflect Amec Foster Wheeler's judgment based on the Site conditions observed at the time of the Site inspections set out in this report and on information available at the time of preparation of this report. This report has been prepared for specific application to this Site and it is based, in part, upon visual observation of the Site, subsurface investigation at discrete locations and depths, and specific analysis of specific chemical parameters and materials during a specific time interval, all as described in this report. Unless otherwise stated, the findings cannot be extended to previous or future Site conditions, portions of the Site, which were unavailable for direct investigation, subsurface locations, which were not investigated directly, or chemical parameters, materials or analysis which were not addressed. Amec Foster Wheeler has used its professional judgment in analysing this information and formulating these conclusions.

Amec Foster Wheeler makes no other representations whatsoever, including those concerning the legal significance of its findings, or as to other legal matters touched on in this report, including, but not limited to, ownership of any property, or the application of any law to the facts set forth herein. With respect to regulatory compliance issues, regulatory statutes are subject to interpretation and change. Such interpretations and regulatory changes should be reviewed with legal counsel.

This Report is also subject to the further Standard Limitations contained in Appendix C.

Niagara Central Dorothy Rungeling Airport Phase II Environmental Site Assessment 435 River Road, Pelham, Ontario October 2017



8.0 CLOSURE

We trust that the information presented in this report meets your current requirements. Should you have any questions, or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours truly,

Amec Foster Wheeler Environment & Infrastructure, a Division of Amec Foster Wheeler Americas Limited.

Prepared by: Reviewed by:

DRAFT DRAFT

Tracy Wolowidnek, B.Sc. Patrick Shriner, P.Geo.

Environmental Scientist Associate Environmental Geoscientist



MEMORANDUM

CL-C 33-2019

Subject: Provincial Review of Regional Government

Date: April 25, 2019

To: Regional Council

From: Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk

On January 15, 2019, the Province announced that a review of Regional government would be undertaken.

At the Committee of the Whole meeting held on March 7, 2019, Committee considered COTW-C 02-2019 being a letter from the local area Mayors respecting undertaking a procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the local municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the Provincial government review of Regional government.

At the Regional Council meeting on March 28, 2019, a memorandum from the Chief Administrative Officer, indicated that staff were moving forward in accordance with the direction of COTW-C 02-2019.

As part of the consultation process, the Province has set up meetings in each area to hear from delegations that registered to speak prior to April 9, 2019. The Special Advisors will be conducting the Niagara session on May 1 in our Council Chamber. The Province will report back on what they heard during the consultation process this fall.

The Province has advised that Council members affected by the review are welcome and encouraged to participate in the ongoing open consultation process and share their ideas and opinions via a written submission by May 21, 2019. The Province has noted that if a Council wishes to provide a written submission, they would also be considered.

Respectfully submitted and signed by

Ann-Marie Norio Regional Clerk

Attachments: COTW-C 02-2019

CAO 02-2019 CWCD 146-2019

Regional Government Input



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1 Phone: 905-563-8205

> Fax: 905-563-6566 www.lincoln.ca

March 6, 2019

Niagara Region c/o Ron Tripp Acting CAO

Dear Region of Niagara; Re: Provincial Review of Regional Government

Following the recent conference call among the heads of Council of the lower tier municipalities including the Regional Municipality of Niagara it was agreed that the 12 Mayors and Chair, whom have signed below, request that the Region, on behalf of the 13 Municipalities undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government.

Further, this item be included in the Committee of the Whole Agenda for <u>Thursday</u>, <u>March</u> <u>7,2019</u> at 6:30pm at Regional Headquarters.

The CAO's will coordinate this effort. They will advise on appropriate companies to be considered. The CAO's will also act in the capacity of selecting said company and preparing sample questions in advance to be used for the public polling.

In their capacity as signing officers, the CAO's in their guidance to the Heads of Council will liaise with the successful bidder throughout the procurement process to ensure a successful conclusion.

Heads of Council will ensure that their own Councils and Regional Council members are kept apprised of the process.



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1

> Phone: 905-563-8205 Fax: 905-563-6566 www.lincoln.ca

We are the Mayors and Regional Chair of the Region of Niagara and are in support of this request.

Mayor Wayne Redekop

Fort Erie

Mayor Jim Diodati

Niagara Falls

Mayor Bill Steele

Port Colborne

Mayor Kevin Gibson

Wainfleet

Mayor Jeff Jordan

Grimsby

Lord Mayor Betty Disero

Niagara-on-the-Lake

Mayor Walter Sendzik

St. Catharines

Mayor Frank Campion

Welland

Chair Jim Bradley

Niagara Region

Mayor Sandra Easton

Lincoln

Mayor Marvin Junkin

Pelham

Mayor Terry Ugulini

Yeung Ugulumi

Thorold

Mayor David Bylsma

West Lincoln



Office of Chief Administrative Officer 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way, Thorold, ON L2V 4T7 905-980-6000 Toll-free: 1-800-263-7215

MEMORANDUM

CAO 2-2019

Subject: Provincial Review of Regional Government

Date: March 28, 2019
To: Regional Council

From: Ron Tripp, Acting Chief Administrative Officer

This is to provide a follow up to Correspondence COTW-C 02-2019 and to make Regional Council aware that ten of the local area municipalities (LAM) have since passed resolutions in support of the actions proposed in that document. Two of the LAMs have received the document for information. The respective resolutions of municipal Councils have been attached as Appendix A to the memorandum.

Staff has also canvassed Regional peer organizations in order to understand their disposition in this matter and to provide further background and context. The following is a summary of the responses received to date:

- Halton Region adopted a resolution March 27, 2019 that the province not undertake any action (content to be confirmed)
- Region of Waterloo notice of motion for March 27, 2019, desire to hold a public meeting to allow citizens to speak to the matter
- York Region intention to present a report to Council April 18, 2019 with recommendation for Chair to send a letter to the province (content to be confirmed)
- Region of Peel no plans to bring this matter to Regional Council, each of their local municipalities will be taking reports to their respective Councils

The Provincial Review was discussed at the Niagara CAO's meeting of March 8, 2019, the day following Regional Council's COTW meeting. In anticipation of support from each of the respective local municipal Councils, a sub-committee of CAOs was established at that meeting. The planning and execution of the actions articulated in COTW-C 02-2019 was established as the mandate for this group.

Subject to any further comments and/or direction from Regional Council, Staff will proceed in accordance with the direction of COTW-C 02-2019. Staff can confirm that the funding for this work can be accommodated in the 2019 Operating Budget.

Respectfully submitted and signed by

Ron Tripp, P.Eng.
Acting Chief Administrative Officer

Appendix A: Summary of Local Area Municipal Resolutions

c.c.: Local Area Municipal Chief Administrative Officers

Response Summary Provincial Review of Regional Government Minute Item 6.2, COTW 1-2019, March 7, 2019

COTW-C 02-2019 CLK-C 2019-072

Municipality	Dated	Response
Fort Erie	2019-03-19	Receive for information
Grimsby	2019-03-27	Support
Lincoln	2019-03-19	Support
Niagara Falls	2019-03-27	Receive for information
Niagara-on-the-Lake	2019-03-13	Support
Pelham	2019-03-25	Support
Port Colborne	2019-03-26	Support
St. Catharines	2019-03-19	Support
Thorold	2019-03-21	Support
Wainfleet	2019-03-27	Support
Welland	2019-03-25	Support
West Lincoln	2019-03-26	Support

Last updated: Thursday, March 28, 2019



Community Services

Legislative Services

March 19, 2019 File #120203

Sent via Email: ann-marie.norio@niagararegion.ca

Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk Niagara Region 1815 Sir Issac Brock Way, P.O. Box 1042 Thorold, ON L2V 4T7

Dear Ms. Norio:

Re: Niagara Region - Provincial Review of Regional Government

Please be advised the Municipal Council of the Town of Fort Erie at its meeting of March 18, 2019 received your correspondence dated March 8, 2019 and supported the letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors dated March 6, 2019 respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government.

Trusting this information will be of assistance to you.

Yours very truly

Carol Schofield, Dipl.M.A.

Manager, Legislative Services/Clerk

cschofield@forterie.ca

CS:dlk

c.c. Niagara Local Area Municipalities Sent via email

Office Hours 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Phone: (905) 8718(§00 FAX: (905) 871-4022

Web-site: www.forterie.ca

TOWN OF GRIMSBY



TELEPHONE: (905) 945-9634 FAX: (905) 945-5010 www.town.grimsby.on.ca

160 LIVINGSTON AVENUE P.O. BOX 159 GRIMSBY, ONTARIO L3M 4G3

PLEASE REFER TO FILE NO.

March 27, 2019

SENT VIA EMAIL

Region of Niagara 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way P.O. Box 1042 Thorold, ON L2V 4T7

Attention: Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk

RE: REGIONAL COUNCIL REQUEST - PROVINCIAL REVIEW OF REGIONAL GOVERNMENT

Please be advised that Town of Grimsby Council passed the following motion on March 18, 2019:

THAT the correspondence from the Regional Clerk dated March 8, 2019 (see attached Appendix A) regarding Provincial Review of Regional Government be received for information; and

THAT Council endorse the request from Regional Council (see attached Appendix A)

"THAT the Region undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 local area municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the Provincial Government Review of Regional Government", and

THAT the Acting Clerk for the Town of Grimsby be directed by Council to circulate a copy of this resolution to the Local Area Municipalities and the Regional Clerk.

Sincerely,

Sarah Kim

Acting Town Clerk

cc.: Local Area Municipal Clerks (Sent via Email)

M. Cain, Fire Chief

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REPORT TO:

Mayor J. Jordan Members of Council

SUBJECT:

Regional Council Request - Provincial Review of Regional Government

Recommendation

"RESOLVED That Report TM(A) 19-04 dated March 15, 2019 be received and that the recommendations of this report be approved for implementation as follows:

- The correspondence from the Regional Clerk dated March 8, 2019 (see attached Appendix A) regarding Provincial Review of Regional Government be received for information; and specifically,
- That Council endorse the request from Regional Council (see attached Appendix A),
 - "THAT the Region undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 local area municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the Provincial Government Review of Regional Government", and
- That the Acting Clerk for the Town of Grimsby be directed by Council to circulate a copy of this resolution to the Local Area Municipalities and the Regional Clerk."

Purpose

The purpose of this report is to provide Council with the correspondence issued by Regional Council regarding the Provincial Regional Government Review and affirm Council's support of the Regional resolution contained in COTW 1 – 2019 (see attached Appendix A).

Background

The Province has undertaken a Regional Government Review. The review will consider issues of governance, decision-making and service delivery in eight Regional Municipalities (Durham, Halton, Muskoka District, Niagara, Oxford County, Peel, Waterloo and York), Simcoe County and their respective lower tier municipalities. In total, there are 82 upper and lower tier that are party to this review. Additional information the about the review may be obtained from Ontario https://www.cotano.ga/page/regional-government-review#section-2. The website also outlines the appointment of Special Advisors and their Terms of Reference, as well as, a provincial contact email address to forward questions or seek additional information. It is understood that Grimsby has already been afforded time with the Special Advisors.

On February 4, 2019, the Niagara Regional Mayors including the Regional Chair issued a formal Statement:

"Niagara's Mayors are united in support for improving governance, transparency and accountability in local government, it has been nearly 50 years since Niagara Region was formed and our communities, economy and the populations we serve have changed significantly in that time. With change comes opportunity, and we agree with the provincial government that there is room for improvement in the way Niagara works.

We share the same goals in this review: to make it easier to access services, create more efficient local government, reduce duplication and be open for business. We also agree that there are a number of ways to achieve these goals and we expect that local voices and local solutions will truly be considered.

We are already working together as Team Niagara to be open for business and attract investment, jobs, and economic development. Many local agencies and municipal services are already working together to find efficiencies and reduce duplication. We are working together to build an integrated transit system that works for all of Niagara. And we know we can do more. As Mayors, we will work together to ensure that Niagara is given an opportunity to present made-in-Niagara solutions through this regional governance review."

On March 6, 2019, further correspondence, signed by all 12 Mayors and the Regional Chair, was issued to Regional Council (forming part of Appendix A to this report). The correspondence requested the Region undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations / Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on matters relevant to the ongoing Provincial Regional Government Review. At the March 7, 2019 Committee of the Whole, the following motion, as approved by Regional Council, was forwarded to the Clerk on or about March 8, 2019:

"That Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019, being a letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors, dated March 6, 2019, respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government, BE RECEIVED and BE CIRCULATED to the Local Area Municipalities for consideration by their respective Councils at their next meeting for comment back to Niagara Region by March 28, 2019."

The March 6, 2019 correspondence further identified the Mayors & Regional Chair direction that the CAO's will serve to coordinate the process of procurement, selection and liaison with the bidders and successful company throughout the process, on behalf of the respective Heads of Council. At the March 8, 2019 meeting of CAO's, a subcommittee was created for this purpose.

Financial Implications

There are no financial implications to the Town, as the Region will address the financial obligations of this project.

Conclusion

The recommendation contained in this report are intended to establish Council's support of the 12 Mayors and Regional Chair, specifically for Region to undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 local area municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the Provincial Government Review of Regional Government.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael Con Fire Chief

MC/ew

APPENDIX A



Administration

Office of the Regional Clerk
1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way, PO Box 1042, Thorold, ON L2V 4T7
Telephone: 905-685-4225 Toll-free: 1-800-263-7215 Fax: 905-687-4977
www.niagararegion.ca

March 8, 2019

COTW 1-2019, March 7, 2019

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LOCAL AREA MUNICIPALITIES

SENT ELECTRONICALLY

RE: Provincial Review of Regional Government COTW 1-2019 Minute Item 6.2

Committee of the Whole at its meeting held on Thursday, March 7, 2019, passed the following resolution:

That Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019, being a letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors, dated March 6, 2019, respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government, **BE RECEIVED** and **BE CIRCULATED** to the Local Area Municipalities for consideration by their respective Councils at their next meeting for comment back to Niagara Region by March 28, 2019.

A copy of Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019 is attached for your reference.

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Yours truly,

Ann-Marie Norio Regional Clerk

CLK-C 2019-072

COTW-C 02-2019



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1 Phone: 905-563-8205

Fax: 905-563-6566 www.lincoln.ca

March 6, 2019

Niagara Region c/o Ron Tripp Acting CAO

Dear Region of Niagara;

Re: Provincial Review of Regional Government

Following the recent conference call among the heads of Council of the lower tier municipalities including the Regional Municipality of Niagara it was agreed that the 12 Mayors and Chair, whom have signed below, request that the Region, on behalf of the 13 Municipalities undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government.

Further, this item be included in the Committee of the Whole Agenda for <u>Thursday, March</u> <u>7,2019</u> at 6:30pm at Regional Headquarters.

The CAO's will coordinate this effort. They will advise on appropriate companies to be considered. The CAO's will also act in the capacity of selecting said company and preparing sample questions in advance to be used for the public polling.

In their capacity as signing officers, the CAO's in their guidance to the Heads of Council will liaise with the successful bidder throughout the procurement process to ensure a successful conclusion.

Heads of Council will ensure that their own Councils and Regional Council members are kept apprised of the process.

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OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1

> Phone: 905-563-8205 Fax: 905-563-6566 www.lincoln.ca

We are the Mayors and Regional Chair of the Region of Niagara and are in support of this request.

Mayor Wayne Redekop

Fort Erie

Mayor Jim Diodati

Sim Jim to for

Niagara Falls

Mayor Bill Steele

Port Colborne

Mayor Kevin Gibson

Wainfleet

Mayor Jeff Jordan

Grimsby

,

Lord Mayor Betty Disero
Niagara-on-the-Lake

Mayor Walter Sendzik

St. Catharines

Mayor Frank Campion

Welland

Chair Jim Bradley

Niagara Region

Mayor Sandra Easton

Lincoln

Mayor Marvin Junkin

Pelham

Mayor Terry Ugulini

. I cany literature

Thorold

Mayor David Bylsma

West Lincoln



4800 SOUTH SERVICE RD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1 905-563-8205

March 19, 2019

SENT VIA EMAIL

Region of Niagara 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way P.O. Box 1042 Thorold, ON L2V 4T7

Attention: Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk

RE: REQUEST FROM REGIONAL COUNCIL - PROVINCIAL REVIEW OF REGIONAL GOVERNMENT

Please be advised that Council for the Corporation of the Town of Lincoln passed the following motion on March 18, 2019:

THAT correspondence attached as Appendix A, dated March 8, 2019, from the Regional Clerk regarding Provincial Review of Regional Government be received for information; and

THAT Council of the Town of Lincoln endorse the request from Regional Council:

"THAT the Region undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 local area municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the Provincial Government Review of Regional Government"; and

THAT Council of the Town of Lincoln support the CAO to participate on the subcommittee to assist in coordinating efforts for the Town; and

Council direct the Clerk to circulate a copy of this resolution to the Local Area Municipalities and Regional Clerk.

Carried

Regards,

Julie Kirkelos Town Clerk

jkirkelos@lincoln.ca

cc: Local Area Municipal Clerks



March 27, 2019

Niagara Region 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way P.O. Box 1042 Thorold, ON L2V 4T7

Ms. Ann-Marie Norio:

Sent via E-mail

Re: Niagara Region - Provincial Review of Regional Government

Please be advised that City Council at its meeting of March 19, 2019 **received your correspondence** dated March 8, 2019, including the letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors dated March 6, 2019 respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government, **for information**"

If you have any questions, please contact me directly.

Sincerely,

Bill Matson City Clerk



Department of Corporate Services

1593 Four Mile Creek Road P.O. Box 100, Virgil, ON L0S 1T0 905-468-3266 • Fax: 905-468-2959

www.notl.org

March 13, 2019

SENT ELECTRONICALLY

Regional Municipality of Niagara 1815 Sir Issac Brock Way, PO Box 1042 Thorold ON L2V 4T7

Attention: Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk

Dear Ms. Norio:

RE: Report CAO-19-001 - Provincial Review of Regional Government

Please be advised the Council of The Corporation of the Town of Niagara-on-the Lake, at its regular meeting held on March 11, 2019 approved Report CAO-19-001, attached, which included the following recommendations:

- 1.1 That the correspondence attached to this report, from the Regional Clerk dated March 8, 2019 regarding Provincial Review of Regional Government, be received;
- 1.2 That the Council of the Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake support the request from Regional Council "that the Region undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government".

If you have any questions or require further information please contact our office at 905-468-3266.

Yours sincerely,

Peter Todd, Town Clerk



Niagara-On-The-Lake

Telephone (905) 468-3266 Facsimile (905) 468-2959 1593 Four Mile Creek Road P.O. Box 100 Virgil, Ontario L0S 1T0

Report: CAO-19-001 Committee Date:

Due in Council: March 11, 2019

Report To: Lord Mayor and Council

Subject: Request from Regional Council

Provincial Review of Regional Government

1. RECOMMENDATION

It is respectfully recommended:

- 1.1 That the correspondence attached to this report, from the Regional Clerk dated March 8, 2019 regarding Provincial Review of Regional Government, be received:
- 1.2 That the Council of the Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake support the request from Regional Council "that the Region undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government".

2. PURPOSE / PROPOSAL

The purpose of this report is to provide Council with correspondence from Regional Council regarding the Provincial Review of Regional Government.

3. BACKGROUND

The Mayors of the Region and the Regional Chair prepared a Statement from Niagara Mayors dated February 4, 2019 (attached) which stated:

"Niagara's Mayors are united in support for improving governance, transparency and accountability in local government. It has been nearly 50 years since Niagara Region was formed and our communities, economy and the populations we serve have changed significantly in that time. With change comes opportunity, and we agree with the provincial government that there is room for improvement in the way Niagara works.

We share the same goals in this review: to make it easier to access services, create more efficient local government, reduce duplication and be open for business. We also agree that there are a number of ways to achieve these goals and we expect that local voices and local solutions will truly be considered.

We are already working together as Team Niagara to be open for business and attract

investment, jobs, and economic development. Many local agencies and municipal services are already working together to find efficiencies and reduce duplication. We are working together to build an integrated transit system that works for all of Niagara. And we know we can do more. As Mayors, we will work together to ensure that Niagara is given an opportunity to present made-in-Niagara solutions through this regional governance review."

The Mayors held a conference call recently and a letter was signed by all of them (part of Regional correspondence), on Mayor Easton's letterhead who took the lead on preparing the letter which was publicly dealt with at Regional Council on March 7, 2019.

4. DISCUSSION / ANALYSIS

The following motion as approved by Regional Council was forwarded to the Clerk on March 8th, 2019 as follows:

"That Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019, being a letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors, dated March 6, 2019, respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government, **BE RECEIVED** and **BE CIRCULATED** to the Local Area Municipalities for consideration by their respective Councils at their next meeting for comment back to Niagara Region by March 28, 2019."

Attached to the letter from the Regional Clerk is a letter signed by all Mayors and Regional Chair. The letter outlines there was a recent conference call among the heads of Council of the lower tier municipalities including the Regional Chair whereby it was agreed that they "request the Region, on behalf of the municipalities undertake the procurement the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government."

As noted Regional Council passed a motion to receive this correspondence and that it be circulated to the Local Area Municipalities for consideration by their respective Councils by Mach 28, 2019.

Council's next meeting is April 11th, therefore necessitating a report be prepared for this evening's Council meeting, March 11th.

An area CAOs meeting was held on March 8th, whereby one of the items of discussion was the Regional Council motion and correspondence regarding the Provincial Government Review. All CAOs will be putting forward a report before March 28th and notify the Regional Clerk of their Council's decision.

At the area CAOs meeting a subcommittee of the CAOs was created to carry out the duties of hiring a Government Relations/Communications firm as outlined in the correspondence as follows:

"The CAOs will coordinate this effort. They will advise on appropriate companies to be considered. The CAOs will also act in the capacity of selecting said company and

preparing sample questions in advance to be used for the public polling. In their capacity as signing officers, the CAOs in their guidance to the Heads of Council will liaise with the successful bidder throughout the procurement process to ensure a successful conclusion."

For Council's information, the CAO of Niagara-on-the-Lake will be sitting on the subcommittee of CAOs to coordinate these efforts as identified in the correspondence.

5. STRATEGIC PLAN

N/A

6. OPTIONS

7. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

At this time it does not appear to have any financial implications to the Town as the Region is being tasked with the financial implication of this project.

8. COMMUNICATIONS

Following the meeting, the Clerk will advise the Regional Clerk, by way of letter, of Council's decision.

9. CONCLUSION

That Council support the 12 Mayors and Regional Chair to be part of the Region undertaking the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government.

Respectfully submitted,

Holly Dowd

Chief Administrative Officer

ATTACHMENTS

THE

CLK-C 2019-072 Provincial Review of Regional Government.pdf Statement from Niagara's Mayors.pdf

WEB ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENTS FOR LINK

First Capital of Upper Canada - 1792



Administration

Office of the Regional Clerk
1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way, PO Box 1042, Thorold, ON L2V 4T7
Telephone: 905-685-4225 Toll-free: 1-800-263-7215 Fax: 905-687-4977
www.niagararegion.ca

March 8, 2019

COTW 1-2019, March 7, 2019

LOCAL AREA MUNICIPALITIES

SENT ELECTRONICALLY

RE: Provincial Review of Regional Government COTW 1-2019 Minute Item 6.2

Committee of the Whole at its meeting held on Thursday, March 7, 2019, passed the following resolution:

That Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019, being a letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors, dated March 6, 2019, respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government, **BE RECEIVED** and **BE CIRCULATED** to the Local Area Municipalities for consideration by their respective Councils at their next meeting for comment back to Niagara Region by March 28, 2019.

A copy of Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019 is attached for your reference.

Yours truly,

Ann-Marie Norio Regional Clerk

CLK-C 2019-072



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1 Phone: 905-563-8205

> Fax: 905-563-6566 www.lincoln.ca

March 6, 2019

Niagara Region c/o Ron Tripp Acting CAO

Dear Region of Niagara; Re: Provincial Review of Regional Government

Following the recent conference call among the heads of Council of the lower tier municipalities including the Regional Municipality of Niagara it was agreed that the 12 Mayors and Chair, whom have signed below, request that the Region, on behalf of the 13 Municipalities undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government.

Further, this item be included in the Committee of the Whole Agenda for <u>Thursday, March</u> 7,2019 at 6:30pm at Regional Headquarters.

The CAO's will coordinate this effort. They will advise on appropriate companies to be considered. The CAO's will also act in the capacity of selecting said company and preparing sample questions in advance to be used for the public polling.

In their capacity as signing officers, the CAO's in their guidance to the Heads of Council will liaise with the successful bidder throughout the procurement process to ensure a successful conclusion.

Heads of Council will ensure that their own Councils and Regional Council members are kept apprised of the process.



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1

> Phone: 905-563-8205 Fax: 905-563-6566 www.lincoln.ca

We are the Mayors and Regional Chair of the Region of Niagara and are in support of this request.

Mayor Wayne Redekop

Fort Erie

Mayor Jim Diodati

Niagara Falls

Mayor Bill Steele

Port Colborne

Mayor Kevin Gibson

Wainfleet

Mayor Jeff Jordan

Grimsby

Lord Mayor Betty Disero

Niagara-on-the-Lake

Mayor Walter Sendzik

St. Catharines

Mayor Frank Campion

Welland

Chair Jim Bradley

Niagara Region

Mayor Sandra Easton

Lincoln

Mayor Marvin Junkin

Pelham

Young Undem

Mayor Terry Ugulini

Thorold

Mayor David Bylsma

West Lincoln

Statement from Niagara Mayors

February 4, 2019

Niagara's Mayors are united in support for improving governance, transparency and accountability in local government. It has been nearly 50 years since Niagara Region was formed and our communities, economy and the populations we serve have changed significantly in that time. With change comes opportunity, and we agree with the provincial government that there is room for improvement in the way Niagara works.

We share the same goals in this review: to make it easier to access services, create more efficient local government, reduce duplication and be open for business. We also agree that there are a number of ways to achieve these goals and we expect that local voices and local solutions will truly be considered.

We are already working together as Team Niagara to be open for business and attract investment, jobs, and economic development. Many local agencies and municipal services are already working together to find efficiencies and reduce duplication. We are working together to build an integrated transit system that works for all of Niagara. And we know we can do more. As Mayors, we will work together to ensure that Niagara is given an opportunity to present made-in-Niagara solutions through this regional governance review.

Niagara's Mayors,

Dave Bylsma, Mayor of West Lincoln

Frank Campion, Mayor of Welland

Jim Diodati, Mayor of Niagara Falls

Betty Disero, Lord Mayor of Niagara-on-the-Lake

Sandra Easton, Mayor of Lincoln

Kevin Gibson, Mayor of Wainfleet

Jeff Jordan, Mayor of Grimsby

Marvin Junkin, Mayor of Pelham

Wayne Redekop, Mayor of Fort Erie

Walter Sendzik, Mayor of St. Catharines

Bill Steele, Mayor of Port Colborne

Terry Ugulini, Mayor of Thorold



Vibrant · Creative · Caring

March 25, 2019

Niagara Region Office of the Regional Clerk 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way PO Box 1042 Thorold, Ontario L2V 4T7

Attention:

Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk

Dear Ms. Norio:

Provincial Review of Regional Government

At their regular meeting of March 18th, 2019, Council of the Town of Pelham received your correspondence and endorsed the following:

BE IT RESOLVED THAT Council receive Regional Report COTW 1-2019, Minute Item 6.2 - Provincial Review of Regional Government; and

THAT Council endorse and support the letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors requesting that the Region undertake a procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 Niagara Municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications with regard to the provincial government review of regional government.

On behalf of Council, thank you for your correspondence.

Yours very truly,

(Mrs.) Nancy J. Bozzato, Dipl.M.M., AMCT

Town Clerk

/hw

cc: Local Area Clerks

From the Clerk's Department

Administrative

Services

PORT COLBORNE

CITY OF PORT COLBORNE

Municipal Offices 66 Charlotte Street Port Colborne, Ontario L3K 3C8 www.portcolborne.ca

CORPORATE SERVICES DEPARTMENT, CLERK'S DIVISION

March 26, 2019

Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk Regional Municipality of Niagara 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way Thorold, ON, L2V 4T7

Dear Ann-Marie Norio,

Re: Region of Niagara Re: Provincial Review of Regional Government

Please be advised that, at its meeting of March 25, 2019, the Council of The Corporation of the City of Port Colborne resolved as follows:

That the letter received from the Region of Niagara regarding a letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors, dated March 6, 2019 respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government, for consideration by respective Councils, be supported.

For more information, please contact Amber LaPointe at 905-835-2901 ext. 106 or cityclerk@portcolborne.ca.

Sincerely,

Amber LaPointe

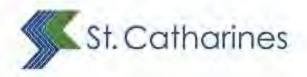
ander Lotoriate

City Clerk

ec: Local Area Municipalities

Telephone: 905-835-2900 E-mail: cityclerk@portcolborne.ca Fax: 905-834-5746

103



March 19, 2019

Ann-Marie Norio
Regional Clerk Niagara Region
1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way, P.O. Box 1042 Thorold, ON
L2V 4T7
Sent via email to Ann-Marie.Norio@niagararegion.ca

Re: Communications Market Research Polling Firm Procurement

Dear Ms. Norio,

Please be advised that at its meeting held on March 18, 2019, St. Catharines City Council approved the following motion:

That the City of St. Catharines City Council endorses the request from the Region of Niagara Mayors, regarding their request to undertake the procurement of a Communications Market Research Polling firm to poll the area municipalities at no cost to the City; and

That the area CAOs coordinate sample questions for the public polling; and

That the CAO work with corporate communications to share the public polling information with residents and taxpayers and report back to Council on the outcomes of the consultation and polling and next steps in the provincial governance review; and

That that the poll involve questions particular to the City of St. Catharines; and

Further, that staff consult with the Task Force regarding questions to be asked; and

That Council recommend the Region of Niagara select a consulting firm that is not associated with any political party.

If you have any questions, please contact the Office of the City Clerk at extension 1524.

Bonnie Nistico-Dunk, City Clerk

Legal and Clerks Services, Office of the City Clerk

:kn





March 21, 2019

Office of the Regional Clerk Niagara Region 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way, P.O. Box 1044 Thorold, ON L2V 4Y6

Ann-Marie.Norio@niagararegion.ca

Attention: Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk

Dear Ms. Norio:

Re: Provincial Review of Regional Governance

Please be advised Thorold City Council, at its March 19, 2019 meeting, adopted the following recommendations of Chief Administrative Officer's Report CAO2019-03:

- That Thorold City Council support the letter received from the Niagara Region's Committee of the Whole meeting held on Thursday, March 7, 2019 about a joint letter from Local Area Municipal Mayors, dated March 6, 2019 respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government.
- 2. That the Chief Administrative Officer be directed to forward Council's decision on this matter to the Niagara Region before March 28, 2019.

Yours truly,

D Deluecho

Donna Delvecchio, City Clerk

DD:cd

ec: M. Dilwaria, Chief Administrative Officer



Township of Wainfleet

"Wainfleet - find your country side!"

March 27, 2019

Niagara Region 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way P.O. Box 1042 Thorold, ON L2V 4T7

Sent Electronically

Attention: Ann-Marie Norio, Clerk

Dear Ms. Norio,

RE: Provincial Government Review of Regional Government COTW 1-2019 Minute Item 6.2

Please be advised that, at its meeting of March 26, 2019, the Council of the Corporation of the Township of Wainfleet enacted the following resolution regarding Administration Staff Report ASR-011/2019 (copy attached) relating to the Request from Niagara Regional Council re: Provincial Review of Regional Government:

THAT this report be received; and

THAT the correspondence dated March 8, 2019, attached as Appendix "A", from Niagara Region regarding Provincial Review of Regional Government be received; and

THAT the Council of the Township of Wainfleet endorse the request from Regional Council:

"THAT the Region undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 local area municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the Provincial Government Review of Regional Government", and

THAT the Council of the Township of Wainfleet direct the CAO to coordinate efforts for the Township in this endeavour; and

THAT a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Local Area Municipalities and Niagara Region.

In supporting the resolution, Wainfleet Council also requested that the following comments and concerns be shared with Regional Council and with the Councils of the Local Area Municipalities:

- the need to be wary of any potential duplication of expertise or capacity that may arise between the proposed Government Relations/Communications firm and expertise/ capacity that may otherwise already be available within the workforce(s) of the Region and/or Local Area Municipalities;
- the need for appropriate cost containment, as even though Niagara Region has been identified as the funding source of the exercise: there is really only a single property taxpayer within the Region; and
- the need to ensure that Niagara Region and Local Area Municipalities receive true value for the services to be rendered.

The Council of the Corporation of the Township of Wainfleet respectfully requests your consideration of the above.

Yours Truly,

William J. Kolasa
Chief Administrative Officer

ADMINISTRATION STAFF REPORT

ASR-011/2019

TO: Mayor Gibson & Members of Council

FROM: W. Kolasa, Chief Administrative Officer/Clerk

DATE OF MEETING: March 26, 2019

SUBJECT: Request from Niagara Regional Council re: Provincial Review of

Regional Government

RECOMMENDATION(S):

THAT this report be received; and

THAT the correspondence dated March 8, 2019, attached as Appendix "A", from Niagara Region regarding Provincial Review of Regional Government be received; and

THAT the Council of the Township of Wainfleet endorse the request from Regional Council:

"THAT the Region undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 local area municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the Provincial Government Review of Regional Government"; and

THAT the Council of the Township of Wainfleet direct the CAO to coordinate efforts for the Township in this endeavour; and

THAT a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Local Area Municipalities and Niagara Region.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The purpose of this report is to provide Council with details of a resolution from Niagara Region's Committee of the Whole regarding the ongoing Provincial Review of Regional Government.

BACKGROUND:

On February 4, 2019, the Mayors of the local area municipalities of Niagara Region and the Regional Chair issued a Statement (attached) that announced:

"Niagara's Mayors are united in support for improving governance, transparency and accountability in local government. It has been nearly 50 years since Niagara Region was formed and our communities, economy and the populations we serve have changed significantly in that time. With change comes opportunity, and we agree with the provincial government that there is room for improvement in the way Niagara works.

ASR-011/2019 2019 03 26 Page 2

We share the same goals in this review: to make it easier to access services, create more efficient local government, reduce duplication and be open for business. We also agree that there are a number of ways to achieve these goals and we expect that local voices and local solutions will truly be considered.

We are already working together as Team Niagara to be open for business and attract investment, jobs, and economic development. Many local agencies and municipal services are already working together to find efficiencies and reduce duplication. We are working together to build an integrated transit system that works for all of Niagara. And we know we can do more. As Mayors, we will work together to ensure that Niagara is given an opportunity to present made-in-Niagara solutions through this regional governance review."

Recently, the Mayors held a conference call and a letter was issued, signed by all of them (forming part of Regional correspondence), on Mayor Easton's letterhead who took the lead on preparing the letter which was publicly dealt with at Regional Council on March 7, 2019.

OPTIONS/DISCUSSION:

The following motion as approved by Regional Council was forwarded to the Clerk on March 8th, 2019:

"That Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019, being a letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors, dated March 6, 2019, respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government, **BE RECEIVED** and **BE CIRCULATED** to the Local Area Municipalities for consideration by their respective Councils at their next meeting for comment back to Niagara Region by March 28, 2019."

Attached to the correspondence from Niagara Region is a letter signed by all Mayors and Regional Chair. The letter outlines that there was a recent conference call among the heads of Council of the lower tier municipalities, including the Regional Chair, whereby it was agreed that they "request the Region, on behalf of the municipalities, to undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government."

As noted, Regional Council passed a motion to receive this correspondence and that it be circulated to the Local Area Municipalities for consideration by their respective Councils by March 28, 2019.

At a meeting of regional chief administrative officers held on March 8th, the Regional Council motion and correspondence regarding the Provincial Government Review was considered and all CAOs concluded to present a report to their respective Councils, before March 28th, and notify the Regional Clerk of each Council's decision. Further, a subcommittee of the CAOs was created to implement the provided direction and carry out the duties of hiring a Government Relations/Communications firm as outlined in the Mayor's correspondence as follows:

ASR-011/2019 2019 03 26 Page 3

"The CAOs will coordinate this effort. They will advise on appropriate companies to be considered. The CAOs will also act in the capacity of selecting said company and preparing sample questions in advance to be used for the public polling. In their capacity as signing officers, the CAOs in their guidance to the Heads of Council will liaise with the successful bidder throughout the procurement process to ensure a successful conclusion."

FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

At this time, there do not appear to be any direct financial implications to the Township as Niagara Region is being tasked with the financial implementation of this project.

OTHERS CONSULTED:

Niagara Region Chief Administrative Officers

ATTACHMENTS:

Appendix "A":

- Niagara Region Correspondence re: Provincial Review of Regional Government (March 8, 2019)
- Local Area Municipal Mayors Correspondence re: Provincial Review of Regional Government (March 6, 2019)
- Statement from Niagara Mayors (February 4, 2019)

Respectfully submitted by,
William J. Kolasa, Chief Administrative Officer/Clerk



Administration

Office of the Regional Clerk
1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way, PO Box 1042, Thorold, ON L2V 4T7
Telephone: 905-685-4225 Toll-free: 1-800-263-7215 Fax: 905-687-4977
www.niagararegion.ca

March 8, 2019

COTW 1-2019, March 7, 2019

LOCAL AREA MUNICIPALITIES

SENT ELECTRONICALLY

RE: Provincial Review of Regional Government COTW 1-2019 Minute Item 6.2

Committee of the Whole at its meeting held on Thursday, March 7, 2019, passed the following resolution:

That Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019, being a letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors, dated March 6, 2019, respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government, **BE RECEIVED** and **BE CIRCULATED** to the Local Area Municipalities for consideration by their respective Councils at their next meeting for comment back to Niagara Region by March 28, 2019.

A copy of Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019 is attached for your reference.

Yours truly,

Ann-Marie Norio Regional Clerk

CLK-C 2019-072



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1 Phone: 905-563-8205

Fax: 905-563-6566 www.lincoln.ca

March 6, 2019

Niagara Region c/o Ron Tripp Acting CAO

Dear Region of Niagara; Re: Provincial Review of Regional Government

Following the recent conference call among the heads of Council of the lower tier municipalities including the Regional Municipality of Niagara it was agreed that the 12 Mayors and Chair, whom have signed below, request that the Region, on behalf of the 13 Municipalities undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government.

Further, this item be included in the Committee of the Whole Agenda for <u>Thursday, March</u> <u>7,2019</u> at 6:30pm at Regional Headquarters.

The CAO's will coordinate this effort. They will advise on appropriate companies to be considered. The CAO's will also act in the capacity of selecting said company and preparing sample questions in advance to be used for the public polling.

In their capacity as signing officers, the CAO's in their guidance to the Heads of Council will liaise with the successful bidder throughout the procurement process to ensure a successful conclusion.

Heads of Council will ensure that their own Councils and Regional Council members are kept apprised of the process.



OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1

> Phone: 905-563-8205 Fax: 905-563-6566 www.lincoln.ca

We are the Mayors and Regional Chair of the Region of Niagara and are in support of this request.

Mayor Wayne Redekop

Fort Erie

Mayor Jim Diodati

Niagara Falls

Mayor Bill Steele

Port Colborne

Mayor Kevin Gibson

Wainfleet

Mayor Jeff Jordan

Grimsby

Lord Mayor Betty Disero

Niagara-on-the-Lake

Mayor Walter Sendzik

St. Catharines

Mayor Frank Campion

Welland

Chair Jim Bradley

Niagara Region

Mayor Sandra Easton

Lincoln

May Justan

Mayor Marvin Junkin

Pelham

Mayor Terry Ugulini

Young Uzulum

Thorold

Mayor David Bylsma

West Lincoln

Statement from Niagara Mayors

February 4, 2019

Niagara's Mayors are united in support for improving governance, transparency and accountability in local government. It has been nearly 50 years since Niagara Region was formed and our communities, economy and the populations we serve have changed significantly in that time. With change comes opportunity, and we agree with the provincial government that there is room for improvement in the way Niagara works.

We share the same goals in this review: to make it easier to access services, create more efficient local government, reduce duplication and be open for business. We also agree that there are a number of ways to achieve these goals and we expect that local voices and local solutions will truly be considered.

We are already working together as Team Niagara to be open for business and attract investment, jobs, and economic development. Many local agencies and municipal services are already working together to find efficiencies and reduce duplication. We are working together to build an integrated transit system that works for all of Niagara. And we know we can do more. As Mayors, we will work together to ensure that Niagara is given an opportunity to present made-in-Niagara solutions through this regional governance review.

Niagara's Mayors,

Dave Bylsma, Mayor of West Lincoln

Frank Campion, Mayor of Welland

Marvin Junkin, Mayor of Pelham

Jim Diodati, Mayor of Niagara Falls

Wayne Redekop, Mayor of Fort Erie

Betty Disero, Lord Mayor of Niagara-on-the-Lake

Walter Sendzik, Mayor of St. Catharines

Sandra Easton, Mayor of Lincoln

Bill Steele, Mayor of Port Colborne

Kevin Gibson, Mayor of Wainfleet

Terry Ugulini, Mayor of Thorold



City of Welland Legislative Services Office of the City Clerk

60 East Main Street, Welland, ON L3B 3X4

Phone: 905-735-1700 Ext. 2280 | Fax: 905-732-1919

Email: clerk@welland.ca | www.welland.ca

March 25, 2019

File No. 19-48

SENT VIA EMAIL

Niagara Region 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way P.O. Box 1042 Thorold, ON L2V 4T7

Attention: Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk

Dear Ms. Norio:

Re: March 19, 2019 - WELLAND CITY COUNCIL

At its meeting of March 19, 2019, Welland City Council passed the following motion:

"THAT THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WELLAND receives for information the correspondence from the Regional Municipality of Niagara, COTW 1-2019, regarding the Provincial Review of Regional Government attached to Report CAO-2019-02 as Appendix I; and further

THAT Welland City Council supports the Regional Municipality of Niagara in undertaking the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to conduct public polling and provide related communications with Niagara residents regarding the provincial government review of regional government."

Yours truly,

Tara Stephens City Clerk

TS/cap

c.c.: Local Area Municipal Clerks, sent via email

G. Long, Chief Administrative Officer

COUNCIL OFFICE OF THE CAO



REPORT CAO-2019-02 MARCH 19, 2019

SUBJECT: PROVINCIAL REVIEW OF REGIONAL GOVERNMENT - UPDATE

AUTHOR: GARY LONG, CAO

RECOMMENDATIONS:

THAT THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WELLAND receives for information the correspondence from the Regional Municipality of Niagara, COTW 1-2019, regarding the Provincial Review of Regional Government attached to Report CAO-2019-02 as Appendix I; and further

THAT Welland City Council supports the Regional Municipality of Niagara in undertaking the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to conduct public polling and provide related communications with Niagara residents regarding the provincial government review of regional government.

ORIGIN AND BACKGROUND:

The Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing, the Honourable Steve Clark, announced on January 15, 2019, that the province will be reviewing regional governments in Ontario. This review is limited to the following nine upper tiers and lower tier municipalities: Waterloo Region, Niagara Region, Halton Region, Peel Region, York Region, Durham Region, Oxford County, Simcoe County, and Muskoka District. Minister Clark has indicated that the focus of the review is governance, decision-making, and service delivery.

Michael Fenn and Ken Seiling have been appointed as special advisors to conduct this review and provide advice and recommendations to the Minister this summer. Mr. Fenn is a former Ontario Deputy Minister, previous municipal CAO in several Ontario cities, and founding CEO of Metrolinx. Mr. Seiling is a former Chair of Waterloo Region who held that position from 1985 to 2018 and was a Councillor and Mayor in Woolwich.

The twelve mayors in Niagara and the Regional Chair had individual meetings with the special advisors on February 11, 2019, to provide their input and perspective.

COMMENTS AND ANALYSIS:

As a follow-up to the meetings with the special advisors, a consensus was achieved by the Heads of Council of the Local Area Municipalities, including the Regional Municipality of Niagara, to hire a government relations/communications firm to engage the local area Councils, members of the public, and business sector to seek their opinion on the Regional Government Review. The Area CAOs will coordinate this initiative and oversee the procurement process to select the successful bidder. In addition, the Area CAOs will craft sample questions to be used for public engagement.

City of Welland Council and Welland Regional Councillors will be provided regular updates by the Head of Council throughout this process.

FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Costs associated with this initiative will be borne by the Regional Municipality of Niagara.

OTHER DEPARTMENT IMPLICATIONS:

The City's Corporate Leadership Team continues to stay informed and engaged in this process and look forward to working with Council. City staff will also be kept informed.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION:

Staff recommend that Welland City Council supports that the Regional Municipality of Niagara undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise Local Area Municipalities on public relations and undertake public engagement with respect to the Province's review of regional government in Niagara.

ATTACHMENTS:

Appendix I – Region of Niagara Correspondence COTW 1-2019, March 7, 2019





Administration

Office of the Regional Clerk
1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way, PO Box 1042, Thorold, ON L2V 4T7
Telephone: 905-685-4225 Toll-free: 1-800-263-7215 Fax: 905-687-4977
www.niagararegion.ca

March 8, 2019

COTW 1-2019, March 7, 2019

LOCAL AREA MUNICIPALITIES
SENT ELECTRONICALLY

RE: Provincial Review of Regional Government COTW 1-2019 Minute Item 6.2

Committee of the Whole at its meeting held on Thursday, March 7, 2019, passed the following resolution:

That Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019, being a letter from the Local Area Municipal Mayors, dated March 6, 2019, respecting Provincial Review of Regional Government, **BE RECEIVED** and **BE CIRCULATED** to the Local Area Municipalities for consideration by their respective Councils at their next meeting for comment back to Niagara Region by March 28, 2019.

A copy of Correspondence Item COTW-C 02-2019 is attached for your reference.

Yours truly,

Ann-Marie Norio Regional Clerk

CLK-C 2019-072

COTW-C 02-2019



March 6, 2019

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1 Phone: 905-563-8205 Fax: 905-563-6566

www.lincoln.ca

Niagara Region c/o Ron Tripp Acting CAO

Dear Region of Niagara;

Re: Provincial Review of Regional Government

Following the recent conference call among the heads of Council of the lower tier municipalities including the Regional Municipality of Niagara it was agreed that the 12 Mayors and Chair, whom have signed below, request that the Region, on behalf of the 13 Municipalities undertake the procurement of and facilitation for finances to hire a Government Relations/Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications in regard to the provincial government review of regional government.

Further, this item be included in the Committee of the Whole Agenda for <u>Thursday, March</u> 7,2019 at 6:30pm at Regional Headquarters.

The CAO's will coordinate this effort. They will advise on appropriate companies to be considered. The CAO's will also act in the capacity of selecting said company and preparing sample questions in advance to be used for the public polling.

In their capacity as signing officers, the CAO's in their guidance to the Heads of Council will liaise with the successful bidder throughout the procurement process to ensure a successful conclusion.

Heads of Council will ensure that their own Councils and Regional Council members are kept apprised of the process.





OFFICE OF THE MAYOR 4800 SOUTH SERVICE ROAD BEAMSVILLE, ON LOR 1B1

Phone: 905-563-8205 Fax: 905-563-6566 www.lincoln.ca

We are the Mayors and Regional Chair of the Region of Niagara and are in support of this request.

Mayor Wayne Redekop

Fort Erie

Jan Jantote

Mayor Jim Diodati

Niagara Falls

Mayor Bill Steele

Port Colborne

Mayor Kevin Gibson

Wainfleet

Mayor Jeff Jordan

Grimsby

Betty Disus

Lord Mayor Betty Disero

Niagara-on-the-Lake

Mayor Walter Sendzik

St. Catharines

Mayor Frank Campion

Welland

Chail Jim Bradley

Niagara Region

Mayor Sandra Easton

Lincoln

Mayor Marvin Junkin

Pelham

- rong lighter -

Mayor Terry Ugulini

Thorold

Mayor David Bylsma

West Lincoln



318 Canborough St. P.O. Box 400 Smithville, ON LOR 2A0

T: 905-957-3346 F: 905-957-3219 www.westlincoln.ca

CLERK'S DEPARTMENT

March 26, 2019

Ann-Marie Norio, Regional Clerk Niagara Region 1815 Sir Isaac Brock Way Thorold, ON L2V 4T7

Dear Ms. Norio,

Re: Provincial Review of Regional Government – COTW 1-2019 Minute Item 6.2

This is to confirm that on Monday, March 26, 2019, West Lincoln Township Council adopted the following resolution:

Resolution:

That, the correspondence from the Office of the Regional Clerk, dated March 8, 2019, relating to a letter (Item COTW-C 02-2019) from the Local Area Municipal Mayors requesting Niagara Region to hire a Government Relations/ Communications firm to advise the 13 municipalities on government relations, public polling and communications as it relates to the Provincial Review of Regional Government; be received and supported.

If you require further information or clarification do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Joanne Scime

Clerk

cc. Local Area Municipal Clerks

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From: Regional Government Review (MMA)

To: <u>Norio, Ann-Marie</u>

Subject: Regional Government Review Inputt
Date: Thursday, April 18, 2019 4:36:55 PM

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the Niagara Region email system. Use caution when clicking links or opening attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Members of Regional Municipality of Niagara Council,

We are reaching out as we have received questions on how council members may participate in the review consultations. Council members affected by the review are welcome to participate in the ongoing open consultation process for the review. We have already received a few direct submissions from some individual members of council included in the review, and we want to encourage this to continue. Understanding the diversity of opinion and experience continues to be of vital importance to the review process so if any council members want to share their ideas and opinions with us as a written submission, we encourage them to do so.

Some Councils may wish to provide written submissions and these would be received as well by us as the Special Advisors. We want to provide the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing with the best advice on regional governance, so the full range of perspectives and thoughts on how to improve governance, decision-making and service delivery are important as we consider our recommendations to the Minister.

More information about the submission process, can be found on the ministry's <u>review webpage</u>. As always, any questions about the review can be directed to <u>regionalgovreview@ontario.ca</u>

Sincerely,

Ken Seiling and Michael Fenn

Special Advisors to the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing's Regional Government Review