Seniors Services

Current State in Long-Term Care and Addressing the Pandemic



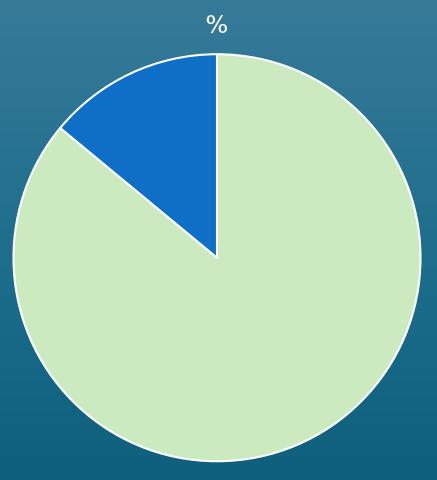
Changing Profile of Long-term Care Residents



Residents are frail at the time of admission

- 86% have cognitive impairment
- 84% are incontinent
- 31% require extensive or total assistance with meal service
- 67% require extensive or total assistance with transfers
- 58% are over the age of 85
- 12% are over the age of 95

Resident Care Needs with Activities of Daily Living (ADL's) (bathing, grooming, dressing)



- require extensive or total help with ADL's
- □ require some help with ADL's



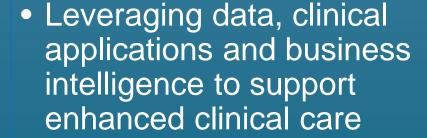
Increasing Medical Complexity of Residents

40% of residents need monitoring for an acute medical condition Examples of medical complexity include:

- Chronic kidney disease
- Chronic parenteral support for nutrition and medication
- Chronic respiratory support
- Chronic wound management
- Co-morbidities (e.g. dementia, diabetes, heart disease, osteoporosis)

Optimizing Care

Analytics



Relational Care



 Leveraging resident and family input to ensure that care is individualized and aligned with residents' personal preferences

Preparing for a Pandemic Three Key Success Factors: IPAC

I. Enhanced Infection Prevention and Control Practices

Public Health / Seniors Services Outbreak Improvement Project 2014 Focus:

- (1) enhanced identification of outbreaks
- (2) decreased length of outbreaks

Outcomes

- Significant improvement in surveillance and subsequent early identification of outbreaks and
- Enhanced ability to effectively implement IPAC measures to minimize spread of an outbreak
- The homes have sustained these improvements over the past 5 years



Preparing for a Pandemic Three Key Success Factors: Supplies

II. Pandemic Supplies

- Seniors Services maintains a pandemic inventory of PPE (surgical masks, N95 masks, goggles, shields, gowns, wipes, disinfectant)
- System in place to avoid issues related to expired products

Outcomes

- LTC homes had enough PPE at the onset of the pandemic when supply chains were challenged and access was limited
- Access to supplies decreased anxiety among staff adjusting to working in a pandemic environment
- Have secured further pandemic supplies in preparation for a second wave this fall



Preparing for a Pandemic Three Key Success Factors: Existing Practices

III. Building on Existing Practices: Analytics and Relational Care

- Leverage technology to monitor resident symptoms, to enhance the efficiency of twice daily febrile screening assessments, to optimize communication across the care team and to facilitate training and capacity building
- Recognizing the value of interpersonal connection and relationships and ensuring ongoing communication within the constraints of the pandemic (face time visits, phone calls, outdoor visits, indoor visits)

Outcomes

- Effective heightened surveillance no transmission of the virus in the homes, no deaths related to covid-19 in the homes
- Communication plan developed for each resident in collaboration with residents and families



A New Normal:

A look at our long-term care homes during the COVID-19 pandemic.

A New Normal in LTC



Questions