

Appendix 2 – Principles of Financial Sustainability

The Ministry of the Environment released a guideline (“Towards Financially Sustainable Drinking-Water and Wastewater Systems”) that provides possible approaches to achieving sustainability. The Province’s Principles of Financially Sustainable Water and Wastewater Services are provided below:

- **Principle #1:** Ongoing public engagement and transparency can build support for, and confidence in, financial plans and the system(s) to which they relate.
- **Principle #2:** An integrated approach to planning among water, wastewater, and storm water systems is desirable given the inherent relationship among these services.
- **Principle #3:** Revenues collected for the provision of water and wastewater services should ultimately be used to meet the needs of those services.
- **Principle #4:** Life-cycle planning with mid-course corrections is preferable to planning over the short-term, or not planning at all.
- **Principle #5:** An asset management plan is a key input to the development of a financial plan.
- **Principle #6:** A sustainable level of revenue allows for reliable service that meets or exceeds environmental protection standards, while providing sufficient resources for future rehabilitation and replacement needs.
- **Principle #7:** Ensuring users pay for the services they are provided leads to equitable outcomes and can improve conservation. In general, metering and the use of rates can help ensure users pay for services received.
- **Principle #8:** Financial Plans are “living” documents that require continuous improvement. Comparing the accuracy of financial projections with actual results can lead to improved planning in the future.
- **Principle #9:** Financial plans benefit from the close collaboration of various groups, including engineers, accountants, auditors, utility staff, and municipal council.