AC-C 11-2020 DECEMBER 7, 2020 APPENDIX 1

KPMG

Regional Municipality of Niagara

Non-Competitive Procurement Audit

December 2020 KPMG LLP

interator	Executive summary		3
ntacts	Recommendations		5
contacts at KPMG in	Appendices		13
nection with this report	Appendix A – Summary of Non-	Competitive testing results	
	Appendix B – Summary of Com	petitive testing results	
Rolfe, Partner	Appendix C – Data Analytics on	Non-Competitive procurement	
.16) 777-3543 icholasrolfe@kpmg.ca	Appendix D – Staff Involvement	and Documentation Reviewed	
Hacking, Manager (47) 777-5247			
bhacking@kpmg.ca	Status of Report		
	Discussion draft issued	November 23, 2020	

Sabrina Leung, Consultant T: (416) 476-2717 E: sabrinaleung@kpmg.ca

Discussion draft issued	November 23, 2020
Management responses received	November 27, 2020
Final report issued	December 3, 2020

Distribution

Bart Menage – Director, Procurement and Acquisitions Todd Harrison – Commissioner of Corporate Services Frank Marcella – Internal Audit Manager

This report has been prepared solely to assist the Regional Municipality of Niagara. Our report is not intended for general use, circulation or publication outside of the Region, unless otherwise agreed. For the avoidance of doubt, our report may not be disclosed, copied, quoted or reference to in whole or in part, without our prior written consent in each specific instance. Such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, if given, may be on conditions, including without limitation an indemnity against any claims by third parties arising from release of any part of our reports. We will not assume any responsibility or liability for any costs or damages, losses, liabilities, or expenses incurred by anyone else as a result of circulation, publication, reproduction, use of or reliance upon our report.



Nic

Rob

Executive summary

Introduction: We have undertaken an audit of the non-competitive procurement process across the Regional Municipality of Niagara ("The Region") assessing compliance with the Procurement By-law ("The By-law")

Summary of findings

As part of our audit we assessed the processes and controls in place around non-competitive procurement transactions, specifically those coded as single source, negotiation, special circumstances and Schedule A under the Procurement By-law. Further details of our audit objectives can be seen on slide four. We have summarized our findings below.

Our testing of a sample of 245 (deemed to be a statistically significant sample size) non-competitive procurement transactions noted 163 cases (67%) without clear justification for procuring through the non-competitive route recorded on PeopleSoft, which included justification for initial requisitions and for changes to purchase orders. Justification recorded was varied and while sometimes detailed in nature, it often did not include any sufficient reasoning as to why purchases were being procured non-competitively. A justification form should be completed and uploaded to PeopleSoft for all purchases of this nature.

Our testing of non-competitive transactions also noted instances where purchase orders had been raised after receipt of invoices, with no explanation recorded on the system. As part of the planned training for Region staff, Procurement should remind staff of the requirement to raise purchase orders in advance of receipt of invoices, therefore showing a commitment to the purchase on the system, and perform analytics on a periodic basis to identify instances of non-compliance for follow up with the respective operating units/departments. Our testing of non-competitive transactions also identified exceptions around the justification for changes in procurement routes and reporting requirements in line with the Procurement By-law. See Appendix A for further details.

We also reviewed a sample of 30 purchases procured through the competitive route between \$10,000 and \$25,000 to ensure they had sufficient supporting documentation and justification for being procured through that route. We identified exceptions around the storage of documents on the system, and identified eight cases which should have been procured through the non-competitive process. As noted above, Procurement is in the process of rolling out mandatory training for staff on procurement, and should ensure this provides guidance on when to procure through the competitive and non-competitive routes, and what documentation should be stored in PeopleSoft. See Appendix B for further details of our testing of competitive procurement transactions.

As part of our audit we also undertook data analytics on non-competitive procurement transactions between 2017 and 2020. This included analytics of instances where multiple purchases had been raised on the same day by the same operating unit for the same supplier, and purchases with values slightly below the authorization limits in the Procurement By-law, both of which may be an indication of purchase splitting (where purchases are split to fall beneath thresholds). Procurement should review and follow up the cases identified in our analytics, and undertake similar analysis going forward.



Regional Municipality of Niagara – Non-Competitive Procurement Audit EXECUTIVE SUMMARY (CONT.)

Objectives

The overall objective of this audit is to determine whether non-competitive transactions (SNG, NGN, SPE, SCA) complied with the Region's Procurement By-laws and related purchasing policies and procedures. Below we set out the agreed specific objectives:

entation is From our 245 samples selected, we tested each sample for adequate and sufficient supporting documentation, including
quality of justification and evidence of supporting documents.
horough, to the ant From our 245 samples selected, we tested each sample to validate whether the justification provided for the purchase requisition as well as the purchase order change (if applicable) are thorough, fulsome and in line with by-law requirements.
n (shown in Oct 2020) provided, we performed data analytics and exercised judgement to identify high-risk transactions, which are subsequently selected as part of our sample.
We selected and tested 245 samples for non-competitive transactions throughout the four years, which represented a 95% confidence level. We also tested 30 samples for transactions within \$10,000 to \$25,000 range not coded as non-competitive. Please see Appendix B.
ive We have developed our recommendations regarding the non- competitive procurement transactions based on our findings from the audit testing (as about in the following glides). Detential
the audit testing (as shown in the following slides). Potential solutions have been proposed to allow for improved tracking and reporting on non-competitive procurements.
r r t c



KPMG

#	Findings and Recommendation	Management Response, action plan & owner, due date		
1	Policies and procedures			
	ur review of the Region's Procurement By-laws & procedures as well	Agreed		
1) The by-law requires all single source awards to be published on the		Procurement will provide a link on the bids and tenders site, which links back to the Region website where a listing of the non-competitive awards will reside		
 2) The by-law requires special circumstance purchases to be reported to the Procurement & Strategic Acquisitions within one business day, however this is currently not being done. (Although Procurement are aware through their approval on PeopleSoft, they are not reported separately) 		Procurement is the recipient of reports from the Operational Department outlining special circumstance purchases. The onus is on the latter to advise Procurement. Procurement will develop communication to re-iterate the requirements and the responsibilities of		
3)	There are currently no procedures in place outlining the key steps to follow as part of the procurement process, in particular around the storage of documentation (e.g. the need to record justification for purchases and quotes on the system) and that purchase orders should be raised in advance of receipt of invoices.	Regional staff to ensure adherence. Training tools and mandatory leader training will address the criticality of recording and retaining information and reinforce the requirements to provide fulsome justification.		
<u>w</u>	e recommend:	The By-law represents a hybrid of policy and procedural		
 Procurement ensure practices are carried out in compliance with the Procurement By-law for the items noted above. Procurement should ensure alignment between the By-law and current practices 		content, with developed training programs reinforcing this. Procedural content also resides on the Finance and Procurement Vine page. Procurement will consider any additional procedures and guidance required after the		
•	As part of the upcoming training, Procurement should ensure that	training session in December 2020.		
	this includes training on the timeliness of raising purchase orders and the recording and retention of information in the PeopleSoft system (including justification for purchases and quotes).	Owner: Bart Menage Director (Procurement & Strategic Acquisitions, Corporate Services) and Regional Staff		
•	Procurement should also consider adopting more standardized procedures to accompany the training for staff to access and refer to on an on-going basis throughout the year.	Due Date: November and December 2020		

#	Findings and Recommendation	Management Response, action plan & owner, due date			
2	Justification of purchases and PO increases				
Οι	ir testing of 245 non-competitive procurement transactions noted:	Agreed			
procuring non-competitively was either "partly clear" or "unclear". Note that 108 of the 163 were below \$25,000 and so were not		These recommendations are included in the training materials (Navigator and Essentials). The justification form which existed pre PeopleSoft was replaced wit the current process (header text of requisition) when			
•	For the 62 cases where a PO change approval was required, in six cases an appropriate justification was not recorded in PeopleSoft.	ERP system was implemented in 2016. Procurement will assess whether PeopleSoft can be modified to include the justification requirements for staff to complete within the system. Alternatively, the Region will consider implementing a justification form to be			
•	While justifications are recorded in PeopleSoft, there is no guidance or justification form provided to staff.				
to fully determine whether the purchase was made under the correct non-competitive procurement route (single source, schedule A etc.)		uploaded into PeopleSoft. While Procurement is not in the workflow approval path for requisitions valued at less than \$25,000, we do have direct oversight over all requisitions in excess of this			
W	e recommend:	value and as such, we scrutinize these to confirm that			
со	enhance the documentation in PeopleSoft and ensure valid and nsistent justifications for non-competitive procurements, the Region ould adopt a justification form which should include, at a minimum:	an appropriate reference to the Procurement By-law is included along with ensuring that a fulsome justification is provided which ties into the By-law exception which is being leveraged			
•	The transaction type (e.g. single source), supplier and value	Upon review of the exceptions identified during the			
• Specific reference to the Procurement By-law which indicates the purchase is applicable		audit, the Region has identified purchases coded as "single source" which should have been coded to "Schedule A".			
	Thorough justification as to why the purchase is applicable under the by-law reference				
•	A clear reason as to why alternative vendors cannot be used	(continued overleaf)			

KPMG

#	Findings and Recommendation	Management Response, action plan & owner, due date						
2	2 Justification of purchases and PO increases (cont.)							
In addition, Management should review and investigate the exceptions to identify any purchases which may have been coded incorrectly. Should this be the case, Procurement should ensure training is provided on when to apply the different non-competitive procurement routes as part of the upcoming training course in December 2020. In addition, random spot checks should be performed by Procurement going forward to confirm compliance with the by-law around the non-competitive procurement routes chosen.		Schedule A purchases do not require as detailed justification as opposed to other non-competitive procurement as the only requirement is that the purchase meets one of the listed goods or services in the by-law. As part of the upcoming training Procurement have included training around coding of different non-competitive procurement transactions. Additional spot checks of "single source" coded purchases to ensure they are correctly coded will be undertaken where necessary.						
		Owner: Bart Menage Director (Procurement & Strategic Acquisitions, Corporate Services), Erin Amirault (Associate Director, Finance Operations and Systems) and Regional Staff. Due Date: Q1 of 2021						

# Findings and Recommendation	Management Response, action plan & owner, due date	
3 Retaining evidence and justification for changing procurement route	S	
Our sample testing of 245 non-competitive transactions noted 29	Agreed	
cases where the requisition was not approved appropriately in line with purchasing authorities in the Procurement By-law for non- competitive purchases.	The mandatory leader training will address the requirements for procuring through the competitive and non-competitive routes, and the criticality of recording	
Through further investigation we noted that all cases were originally coded to the competitive procurement route, and so were approved	and retaining information and justification for procurement decisions and purchases.	
appropriately under the informal quotation limits before being changed to the non-competitive route. However, we noted that there was no clear justification provided on PeopleSoft as to why the purchase was converted from the competitive route to the non-competitive route.	Procurement will consider any additional procedures and guidance required after the training session in December 2020	
<u>We recommend</u>	Owner: Bart Menage Director (Procurement & Strategic Acquisitions, Corporate Services) and Regional Staff	
As part of the upcoming training course, Procurement should ensure training is provided on when to procure through the competitive and non-competitive routes, the differences between each, and how they are recorded on PeopleSoft.	Due Date: December 2020	
Should there be a need to convert transactions to another procurement route then a clear justification should be recorded on the system.		

# Findings and Recommendation	Management Response, action plan & owner, due date		
4 Timeliness of raising of purchase orders			
 Our sample testing of 245 non-competitive transactions and 30 competitive transactions noted the following: In 133/245 non-competitive transactions tested, the purchase order was raised after the receipt of the invoice. Where this occurred, the average time between the two events was 33.2 days. In 14/30 competitive transactions tested, the purchase order was raised after the receipt of the invoice. Where this occurred, the 	Agreed The By-law and the recently developed training reinforce the requirement that appropriate approvals are obtained prior to the acquisition (Navigator available to all staff now and from December 2020 additional training on formal and informal procurement processes will be available for leaders and Project Managers via Essentials Leader training)		
average time between the two events was 19 days. Please see Appendix A for further details of our testing and the operating units where exceptions were noted. <u>We recommend</u> In some limited circumstances it may be necessary to carry out purchases at short notice or in emergency situations which may lead to invoices being received prior to the raising of a purchase order. In these instances, a purchase order should be raised as soon as possible and clear justification should be recorded on the system. As part of the upcoming training course, Procurement should specify the importance of raising purchase orders as soon as a purchase is	 ERP has already completed development of a query that identifies when an invoice was received in advance of the requisition being created. Procurement will generate these reports on a periodic basis to identify instances or non-compliance and share these with Directors and Commissioners of the Regional Department for review. Owner: Bart Menage Director (Procurement & Strategic Acquisitions, Corporate Services) and Regional Staff. Due Date: Q1 of 2021 		
committed to and prior to the receipt of an invoice. To ensure compliance is met, and to reiterate the messaging around timeliness of raising purchase orders, Procurement should perform periodic analytics to identify transactions where purchase orders are not raised in a timely manner and present these to Commissioners to show the rate of compliance for their department. Commissioners should ensure they follow up any cases where required.	ork of indemendent member firms affiliated with KPMG international Connerative		

# Findings and Recommendation	Management Response, action plan & owner, due date		
5 Competitive transaction testing – retention of quotes and eligibil	ity of competitive process		
Our sample testing of 30 competitive procurement transactions note	Agreed		
 the following: In eight cases tested, purchases were deemed "single source" transactions and therefore had been coded incorrectly. The major of these purchases were under a Council approved agreement, however the initial agreement was procured under the single source route and so purchases under the agreement should also be classified as single source purchases. 	responsibilities of all Staff who have been delegated the authority to undertake these processes. While the above does not provide procedural direction, Procurement will consider any additional procedures and guidance		
• In two cases tested, evidence of three quotes could not be found on PeopleSoft.	required after the training session in December 2020 Procurement will further investigate whether a new requisition type which was developed for requisitions against PeopleSoft contracts could be implemented for unique purchases as part of a wider, Council Approved, purchasing agreement/contract.		
• We noted inconsistencies in the level of detail and information required to be stored on PeopleSoft for competitive transactions (quotes/contract references/Council approvals)			
We recommend	Owner: Bart Menage Director (Procurement & Strategic		
We understand a mandatory training course is soon to be rolled out I			
the Region. The Region should ensure that this includes training on the requirements around competitive and non-competitive transactions.	Due Date: Q1 of 2021		
In addition, in line with recommendation one, the Region should consider implementing standardized procedures outlining the requirements for storing documentation.			

KPMG

#	Findings and Recommendation	Management Response, action plan & owner, due date
6	Analytics over procurement transactions	
	hile Procurement undertake their own monitoring and analytics of	Agreed
	n-competitive procurement transactions, we noted additional items nich should be incorporated going forward, including:	Procurement will expand on this current process of reporting PO data analytics. Procurement will consider
•	Reviewing those transactions with significant PO change values to ensure there is appropriate justification for the increase.	preparing a report published immediately or deferred to the first Procurement Advisory Committee meeting
•	Reviewing instances where multiple purchase orders are raised on the same day for the same supplier by the same operating unit, to	scheduled for March 2021 and to each meeting thereafter
	ensure purchases have not been purposely split to bypass approval limits.	As noted in our response to recommendation four, ERP has already completed development of a query that
 Reviewing instances where purchase amounts are close to authorization limits as per the Procurement By-law (e.g. close to \$25,000/\$100,000 etc.) to ensure that purchases have not been purposely split. 		identifies when an invoice was received in advance of the requisition being created. Procurement will run this analysis periodically and share these with Directors and Commissioners of the Regional Department.
Beviewing the timeliness of raising purchase orders and receiving		Owner: Bart Menage Director (Procurement & Strategic Acquisitions, Corporate Services)
	for further details)	Due Date : Q4 of 2020
	e also noted that PeopleSoft does not distinguish between "single" d "sole" sourced transactions.	
W	e recommend	
•	The Procurement team incorporate the above analytics into their regular monitoring of transactions and ensure they follow up on any cases where required. See Appendix C for our analytics performed.	
	Management assess whether "single" and "sole" source transactions can be differentiated for easier monitoring.	
	© 2020 KPMG LLP, a Canadian limited liability partnership and a member firm of the KPMG net	work of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative

Disclaimer

This report has been prepared solely to assist the Regional Municipality of Niagara ("The Region"). Our report is not intended for general use, circulation or publication outside of the Region, unless otherwise agreed. For the avoidance of doubt, our report may not be disclosed, copied, quoted or reference to in whole or in part, without our prior written consent in each specific instance. Such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, if given, may be on conditions, including without limitation an indemnity against any claims by third parties arising from release of any part of our reports. We will not assume any responsibility or liability for any costs or damages, losses, liabilities, or expenses incurred by anyone else as a result of circulation, publication, reproduction, use of or reliance upon our report.





Appendices

Appendix A - Summary of Non-Competitive testing results

We selected a sample of 245 non-competitive procurement transactions from the 2017/2020 years. Our samples were selected across four non-competitive transaction sources as listed in the Procurement By-law:

• Single Source (SNG) – 205 samples

• Negotiation (NGN) - 11 samples

Schedule A (SCA) – 14 samples

• Special Circumstances (SPE) – **15 samples**

In our testing, we tested whether:

- Appropriate justification was recorded on PeopleSoft for procuring the goods
- Purchases were approved in line with the Procurement By-law
- Purchase orders were raised in advance of receipt of the invoice
- The purchase was reported as appropriate in the Procurement By-law, including to the Procurement team and Council
- Purchase order changes were appropriately justified where required
- Approvals to purchase order changes were provided where required

Non-Competitive transaction testing results



Summary of testing results - NC transactions



Appendix A - Summary of Non-Competitive testing results (cont'd)

KPMG Commentary on testing

- In 163/245 cases, a clear justification for procuring the goods through the non-competitive procurement process was not recorded on the system. To assess whether justification was appropriate, we distinguished between justification which was:
 - 1. "Clear": By-law reference along with clear reasoning for procuring goods non-competitively
 - 2. "Partly clear": By-law reference only
 - 3. "Unclear": Insufficient and/or no reasoning provided, and no reference to the Procurement By-law

163 cases fell under points two and three above. (See Recommendation Two)

- For all cases tested we were able to evidence the appropriate approval recorded on PeopleSoft. However, we noted 29 cases which were originally coded as competitive transactions but then changed to non-competitive, and as a result had been approved initially under the informal quotation procurement limit. We noted there was no clear justification for purchases being converted to a non-competitive transaction recorded on the system. (See Recommendation Three)
- In 133/245 cases the purchase order was raised after the receipt of the invoice. Note that eight cases were marked as "n/a" as an invoice had not yet been received. (See Recommendation Four)
- Reporting to Council or the Procurement team was required in 23 cases, however in 15 cases no evidence was provided. In all 15 cases, purchases were classed as "special circumstances" and were required to be reported to Procurement. We were informed that purchases are reported through the approval process on Peoplesoft however not in line with the Procurement By-law which requires reporting to Procurement within one business day (i.e. reported separately and outside of the system.) (See Recommendation One)
- PO change justifications and approvals are recorded on Peoplesoft. For 6/62 cases, change justifications were not provided. (See Recommendations Two)

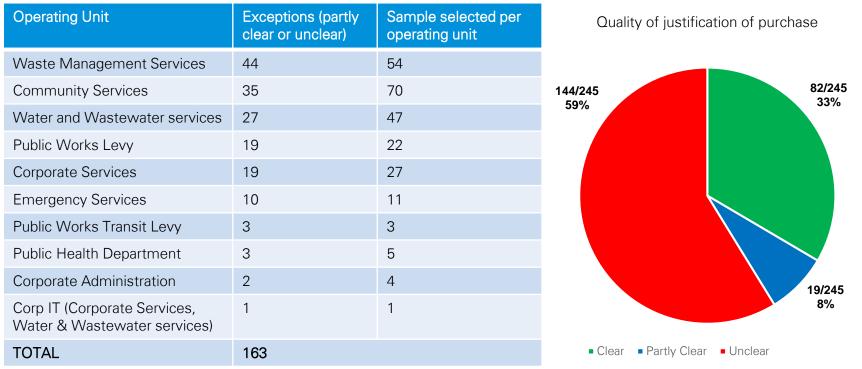
On the following slides we have provided some analytics showing our testing results, and further information around our testing exceptions.



Appendix A - Summary of Non-Competitive testing results (cont'd)

Justification of non competitive procurement

163 out of the 245 samples did not have justification for procuring non-competitively recorded on PeopleSoft. We have broken these down by operating unit below:



Waste Management Services had the highest number of exceptions, with 44 of our 163 exceptions coming from that operating unit. We selected 54 samples from Waste Management Services and 44 of these were exceptions (81%).

In total, 163 cases were identified as either partly clear or unclear, making up 67% of our total sample of 245.



Appendix A - Summary of Non-Competitive testing results (cont'd)

Justification of non competitive procurement (cont.)

163 out of the 245 samples did not have justification for procuring non-competitively recorded on PeopleSoft. We have shown these by source type below.

	Single Source	Negotiation	Special Circumstances	Schedule A	TOTAL
Clear	72	2	5	3	82
Partly Clear	14	0	0	5*	19
Unclear	119	9	10	6*	144
TOTAL	205	11	15	14	245

From our samples selected, 133 single source purchases were classified as having "partly clear" or "unclear" justification recorded on PeopleSoft. This represented 65% of the single source purchases tested.

*Schedule A purchases do not require as detailed justification as other non-competitive procurements as the only requirement is that the purchase meets one of the listed goods or services in the By-law. Despite this, we noted inconsistencies in the level of detail recorded on the system for these purchases. Procurement should consider adopting a justification form to help ensure consistency in the level of detail provided in the PeopleSoft system.

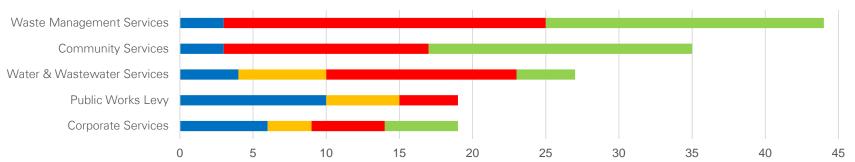


Appendix A - Summary of Non-Competitive testing results (cont'd)

Justification of non competitive procurement (cont'd)

■2017 ■2018 ■2019 ■2020

Below we have broken down the 163 exceptions by operating unit (top 5) and year in which the transaction occurred.



Partly clear or unclear justification by transaction year

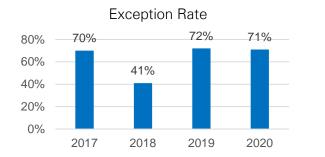
	2017		2018		2019		2020	
	Exceptions	Tested	Exceptions	Tested	Exceptions	Tested	Exceptions	Tested
Waste Management Services	3	3	0	0	22	28	19	23
Community Services	3	13	0	11	14	19	18	27
Water & Wastewater Services	4	5	6	10	13	24	4	8
Public Works Levy	10	11	5	7	4	4	0	0
Corporate Services	6	6	3	5	5	8	5	8

Of the 28 Waste Management Services samples selected in 2019, 22 were exceptions (i.e. justification recorded in PeopleSoft was either "partly clear" or "unclear"). We also noted a high exception rate in 2020, where 19 out of 23 samples were exceptions (82%). Exceptions were also noted in 2019 and 2020 for Community Services, with 14 exceptions from the 19 samples selected in 2019 and 18 exceptions from the 27 samples selected in 2020.



Appendix A - Summary of Non-Competitive testing results (cont'd)

Justification of non competitive procurement (cont'd)



The graph opposite shows the number of exceptions (instances of "partly clear" or "unclear" justification recorded on PeopleSoft) across all 245 samples by year .

28 of our 40 samples selected in 2017 had partly clear or unclear justification (70% exception rate). Rates remained consistent in 2017, 2019 and 2020. 41% of our sample selected in 2018 identified exceptions, the lowest percentage rate.

Purchases converted from competitive to non-competitive procurement routes

As per our commentary on slide 15, we noted 29 cases which were originally marked as competitive but then converted to noncompetitive, and so were approved under the competitive procurement limits in the Procurement By-law. Through review of these 29 cases, we noted that clear justification for the change was not provided. The 29 instances where purchases were converted between the two procurement routes fall under the following operating units.

Operating Unit	Procurement route converted
Community Services	12
Water and Wastewater services	8
Emergency Services	4
Corporate Services	3
Waste Management Services	2
TOTAL	29



Appendix A - Summary of Non-Competitive testing results (cont'd)

Timeliness of raising purchase orders

133 out of our 245 samples noted a purchase order being raised after receipt of an invoice, increasing the risk of inappropriate or invalid payments being made. We have shown these by operating unit and by year below.

Operating Unit	Purchase order raised after	Sample selected per operating unit	00		Exception	Rate %	
	invoice		80 -				
Waste Management Services	50	54	70 -			65%	69%
Community Services	38	70	60 -				_
Water and Wastewater Services	17	47	50 -				
Corporate Services	8	27					
Public Works Levy	6	22	40 -		33%		
Emergency Services	5	11	30 -	23%	_		_
Public Health Department	4	5	20 -		_	_	_
Public Works Transit Levy	3	3	10 -				
Corporate Administration	2	4	0 -				
TOTAL	133		U	2017	2018	2019	2020

Waste Management Services had the highest number of exceptions, with 50 instances identified where a purchase order had been raised after receipt of an invoice. We noted exceptions in 50 of our 54 samples from Waste Management Services, which equates to 93%. Exceptions were also noted in Community Services (38) and Water & Wastewater Services (17).

The graph on the right shows the number of exceptions (purchase order raised after invoice received) across all 245 samples by year. From our 40 samples selected in 2017 we noted exceptions in nine cases (23% exception rate). The exception rate increased year on year between 2017 and 2020, rising from 23% in 2017 to 69% in 2020.



Appendix A - Summary of Non-Competitive testing results (cont'd)

PO change justification

For the 62 cases which required PO change justifications to be recorded in Peoplesoft, in 6 cases no justification had been recorded. We have shown these by operating unit and year below

Operating Unit	Exceptions	2018	2019	2020
Community Services	4	0	3	1
Emergency Services	1	1	0	0
Waste Management Services	1	0	1	0
TOTAL	6	1	4	1

Community Services had the highest number of exceptions, making up four of the six exceptions identified during our testing.

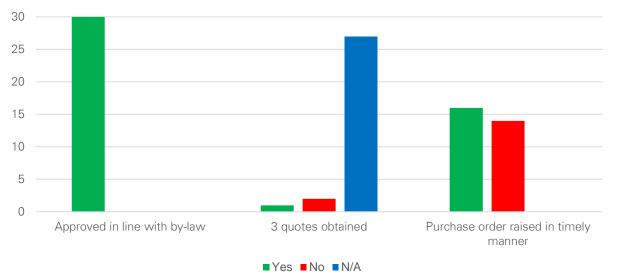


Regional Municipality of Niagara – Non-Competitive Procurement Audit Appendix B – Summary of Competitive testing results

We selected a sample of 30 competitive procurement transactions between \$10,000 - \$25,000 from the 2017-2020 years to test the following:

- Whether purchases were approved in line with the Procurement By-law
- · Whether three quotes were obtained for the works in line with the requirements for procuring competitively
- Whether purchase orders were raised in advance of receipt of the invoice

Competitive transaction testing results



Summary of testing results - competitive transactions



Appendix B - Summary of Competitive testing results (cont'd)

Competitive transaction testing results (cont'd)

KPMG Commentary on testing

- In all 30 cases tested, the relevant approval had been recorded on PeopleSoft for the purchase.
- In two cases tested (Public Works Levy and Community Services), we were unable to evidence three quotes recorded on PeopleSoft. (See Recommendation Five)
- For the 27 cases marked as "n/a", eight (all within Community Services) were deemed to be "single source" purchases however had been recorded as competitive transactions. The remaining 19 cases were purchases made as part of a contract which were awarded through an RFP process. Evidence of this and the contract numbers was provided, however this was not always recorded on the system. (See Recommendation Five)
- In 14/30 cases tested, a purchase order was raised after receipt of an invoice. (See Recommendation Four)

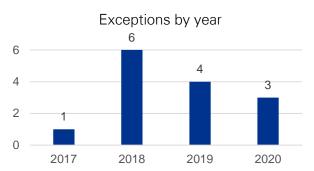
On the following slides we have provided some analytics showing our testing results, and further information around our testing exceptions.

Appendix B - Summary of Competitive testing results (cont'd)

Competitive transaction testing results (cont'd)

In 14 cases a purchase order was raised after the invoice was received. These are shown by operating unit and year below.

Operating Unit	Purchase order raised after invoice
Community Services	8
Waste Management Services	3
Water and Wastewater Services	2
Public Health Department	1





Appendix C - Data Analytics on Non-Competitive Procurement

We have performed data analytics across the data provided to us as part of the audit. Data was provided for the 2017-2020 years, showing all purchase orders raised across the four non-competitive procurement transaction listings in our scope of work (Single source, negotiation, special circumstances and schedule A purchases) for all values over \$10,000. The total number of transactions was 2380.

Top 5 suppliers by year (based on value of PO's raised)

Supplier	PO's raised in 2017	Supplier	PO's raised in 2018
City of St. Catharines	\$5,656,693	Steed & Evans	\$4,593,036
N-Viro Systems Canada Inc.	\$4,573,275	Thomas Nutrient Solutions	\$4,422,853
Walker Environmental Group Inc.	\$4,318,207	N-Viro Systems Canada Inc.	\$3,390,000
Thomas Nutrient Solutions	\$4,199,049	Demers, Manufacturer inc.	\$2,824,512
City of Welland	\$3,878,211	Walker Environmental Group Inc.	\$1,969,986

Supplier	PO's raised in 2019
Municipal Property Ass'mt Corp.	\$6,132,487
Minister of Finance - Oshawa	\$5,279,560
Thomas Nutrient Solutions	\$3,643,064
N-Viro Systems Canada Inc.	\$3,300,000
City of St. Catharines	\$3,199,071

Supplier	PO's raised in 2020
Municipal Property Ass'mt Corp.	\$6,229,772
Minister of Finance - Oshawa	\$4,724,017
N-Viro Systems Canada Inc	\$3,750,000
Thomas Nutrient Solutions	\$3,744,278
City of Niagara Falls	\$1,726,608

For the last two years, Municipal Property Assessment Corporation has seen the highest spend based on PO's raised by the Region, totaling over \$12m. Spending in the last four years has also been common with N-Viro Systems Canada and City of St. Catharines.



Regional Municipality of Niagara – Non-Competitive Procurement Audit Appendix C – Data Analytics on Non-Competitive Procurement

Top 5 Operating Units per year (based on value of PO's raised)

Operating Unit	PO's raised in 2017
Water and Wastewater Services	\$25,572,622
Public Works Levy	\$10,916,315
Waste Management Services	\$7,530,852
Corporate Services	\$5,226,433
Community Services	\$3,658,400

Operating Unit	PO's raised in 2019
Water and Wastewater Services	\$24,679,362
Public Works Levy	\$13,068,219
Net Revenue Budget	\$6,147,641
Community Services	\$4,535,595
Corporate Services	\$3,838,635

Operating Unit	PO's raised in 2018
Water and Wastewater Services	\$19,761,364
Public Works Levy	\$13,763,901
Corporate Services	\$6,649,264
Emergency Services	\$4,007,298
Waste Management Services	\$2,981,428
Operating Unit	PO's raised in 2020
Water and Wastewater Services	\$11,765,392
Public Works Levy	\$9,071,350
Net Revenue Budget	\$6,245,230
Community Services	\$5,845,769
Corporate Services	\$2,878,885

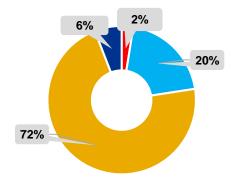
Water & Wastewater Services and Public Works Levy have been the highest spending operating units based on PO's raised over the last four years, with amounts totaling roughly \$80m and \$45m respectively. Spending has also been consistently high within Corporate Services and Community Services.



Regional Municipality of Niagara – Non-Competitive Procurement Audit Appendix C – Data Analytics on Non-Competitive Procurement

Non Competitive transaction types

Non-competitive Transaction Type



"Single Source" was the most frequent transaction type over the four year period, making up 72% of all the transactions. 20% of all transactions were "schedule A" transactions and 6% "special circumstances". "Negotiation" was the least frequent transaction type, only making up 2% of the entire population.

Negotiation Schedule A Single Source Special Circumstance

Operating Unit (top 4 by \$)	Transactions	% Single S.	% Schedule A	% Special C.	% Negotiation
Water and Wastewater Services	638	77	12	9	2
Public Works Levy	359	64	20	6	10
Corporate Services	237	89	8	2	1
Community Services	304	81	5	14	0

Corporate Services had the highest % of Single Source transactions at 89%. Overall, the top four operating units by spend followed a similar % split of transaction type as the total population. Some minor outliers were Public Works Levy (10% negotiation compared with the total population split of 2%) and Community Services (5% Schedule A compared with population split of 20%).

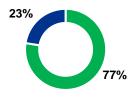


Regional Municipality of Niagara – Non-Competitive Procurement Audit Appendix C – Data Analytics on Non-Competitive Procurement

Analytics on the following three slides highlight instances of multiple PO changes, PO's raised close to authorization limits and PO's raised on the same day by the same department and supplier. Note that this information has been included for information purposes to show the types of analytics available to Procurement. We have not confirmed whether these purchases are appropriate or not, and acknowledge that they may be fully justified.

Non -Competitive transactions with PO changes

Non-competitive Transactions with PO Change



77% of transactions in the four year period did not have any changes from the initial purchase amount. The remaining 23% had one or more change, with changes ranging between 2 and 8 over the period.

• No change • One or more change

Operating Unit	Туре	PO Changes	PO Total*
Public Works	Single Source	8	\$513,617
Public Works	Single Source	6	\$598,950
Community Services	Single Source	5	\$304,580
Corporate Services	Single Source	5	\$101,923
Community Services	Single Source	4	\$213,500
Emergency Services	Single Source	4	\$51,000
Water & Wastewater Services	Single Source	4	\$75,000

A transaction within Public Works Levy had the highest number of PO changes at 8 changes. The top 7 PO changes were all single source transactions. As part of ongoing monitoring of procurement transactions, the Region should ensure those with multiple PO changes are monitored to ensure appropriate justification has been provided. (See Recommendation Six)

KPMG

Appendix C - Data Analytics on Non-Competitive Procurement

Multiple PO's raised on the same date for the same supplier and operating unit

The table below shows instances where multiple purchase orders had been raised on the same day by the same operating unit for the same supplier. The table shows all instances of five or more PO's raised on the same day.

Operating Unit	Туре	Date	PO's raised	PO Total	Supplier
Economic Incentives	Schedule A	7/03/2017	11	\$654,485*	City of St Catharines
Community Services	Single Source	3/20/2017	7	\$208,346*	Arjohuntleigh Canada Inc.
Water and Wastewater Services	Schedule A	7/20/2018	7	\$629,203*	City of Welland
Waste Management	Single Source	6/24/2020	6	\$92,383	Source Warehousing
Community Services	Single Source	2/21/2018	6	\$257,563	J. Oulton & Associates
Community Services	Single Source	1/10/2019	6	\$500,606*	Gordon Food Service
Water and Wastewater Services	Single Source	12/7/2017	5	\$492,157*	City of Niagara Falls
Water and Wastewater Services	Schedule A	8/29/2019	5	\$454,200*	City of Welland
Water and Wastewater Services	Single Source	1/11/2017	5	\$390,000*	City of Welland

While there may be appropriate reasoning for the above cases, having multiple purchase orders raised on the same day for the same supplier and operating unit may give an indication of purchase splitting. Those marked as * were noted as having rounded PO amounts, such as \$100,000 or \$9,000. The Region may wish to investigate these further. In addition, as part of on-going monitoring of procurement transactions, the Region should ensure that a similar review of multiple purchase orders raised on the same day is undertaken. (See Recommendation Six)

In addition to the above, we also noted six instances where four PO's had been raised on the same date (by the same operating unit and for the same supplier), 27 instances where three PO's had been raised on the same day and 107 cases where two PO's had been raised on the same day.



Appendix C - Data Analytics on Non-Competitive Procurement

PO's raised close to authorization limits

As part of our testing, we also reviewed PO's with amounts slightly below the approval limits as per the Procurement By-law. The table below shows all instances where values were within \$1,000 of an approval limit (\$25,000, \$100,000, \$250,000 and \$1m) and were numbers which were rounded (e.g. \$100,000, \$9,500 or \$18,250)

Operating Unit	PO ID	Amount
Capital Financing Costs	42874	\$24,500
Community Services	36953	\$24,500
Corporate Services	52155	\$24,500
Emergency Services	41662	\$24,900
Water and Wastewater Services	30561	\$24,925
Water and Wastewater Services	75924	\$24,600
Water and Wastewater Services	76273	\$24,700
Water and Wastewater Services	65208	\$24,500
Water and Wastewater Services	76143	\$24,750
Water and Wastewater Services	29902	\$24,900
Water and Wastewater Services	79657	\$24,500
Planning and Development	79188	\$99,000
Water and Wastewater Services	65606	\$99,200
Community Services	73756	\$99,000

While there may be appropriate reasoning for these cases, amounts close to approval limits may suggest PO's have been split to avoid going to the next approval limit. The Region may wish to investigate these further. In addition, as part of on-going monitoring of procurement transactions, the Region should ensure that a similar review of amounts close to authorization limits is undertaken.

(See Recommendation Six)



Appendix D - Staff involvement and documentation reviewed

Staff involvement

We undertook interviews and email communication in November 2020 to inform this work, including:

- Bart Menage, Director of Procurement & Strategic Acquisitions, Corporate Services
- Helen Chamberlain, Director of Financial Management and Planning
- Erin Amirault, Associate Director, Finance Operations and Systems, Corporate Services
- Frank Marcella, Manager, Internal Audit
- Tim Richards, Senior ERP Business Analyst
- Nora Charette, Manager ERP Business Support
- Support Staff (purchase requesters and managers) across departments

Documentation reviewed

We received the following documentation over the course of our fieldwork:

- Procurement By-Laws (Bill 02-2016)
- Detailed procurement transactional data file (Jan 2017 to Oct 2020)
- PeopleSoft system: Purchase requisitions, purchase orders, associated invoices, council approvals, contracts
- PeopleSoft Financials requisition review guide
- Completed Internal Audit reports on Procurement (2018)
- Workflow Approval Process Matrix (2019-07-08)



kpmg.ca



© 2020 KPMG LLP, a Canadian limited liability partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity. All rights reserved. The KPMG name and logo are registered trademarks or trademarks of KPMG International. Although we endeavour to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.