Policy Item	Summary of Current Approach (2017 DC Study)	Summary of Alternative Options/Best Practices	Local Area Municipal (LAM) Session Feedback*	Non-Government Session Feedback*
4.3 Asset Management	<ul> <li>Requirement under the Development Charge Act and Infrastructure for Jobs and Prosperity Act</li> <li>Used to determine that all assets included in study are financially feasible</li> <li>Currently analyzes amount required for growth capital from RDC against amount required from tax rates/user fees.</li> </ul>	All municipal comparators utilize either one of the two alternatives identified in the draft Policy Report	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the LAM stakeholders.</li> <li>23 of 23 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders.</li> <li>10 of 11 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>
5.5 Annual Rate Indexing	DC are indexed on January     1 of each year.	<ul> <li>Majority of LAM in Niagara use January as well.</li> <li>Majority of municipal comparators index annual but vary by month</li> <li>No change proposed to current Region practice.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders.</li> <li>30 of 30 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders.</li> <li>11 of 12 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>
5.2 Mandatory DC Exemptions	Contained mandatory exemptions of: 50% industrial building expansion; structures owned by a municipalities, local board or Board of	Bill 108 & 213 creating additional mandatory exemption for: secondary suites in new residential construction; land used for post-secondary institutions.	Comment received from stakeholder indicating that the exemptions for post- secondary institutions should be reduce or refined by the Province.	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders.</li> <li>13 of 14 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>

Policy Item	Summary of Current Approach (2017 DC Study)	Summary of Alternative Options/Best Practices	Local Area Municipal (LAM) Session Feedback*	Non-Government Session Feedback*
	Education; and residential intensification.	Mandatory exemptions to remain in 2022 DC By- law as per legislation	<ul> <li>25 of 26 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>	
4.2 Area-Rating	<ul> <li>Region utilized area rating for water/wastewater which is charged on an urban service area only.</li> <li>All other services are charged Region-wide.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Council must consider the use of area-specific charges.</li> <li>Majority of municipal comparators and local area municipalities are utilizing an approach similar to the Region's 2017 D.C. Study.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Comment received from stakeholder indicating that more localized services should be area rated and Regional significant infrastructure should have a region-wide charge.</li> <li>22 of 23 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders.</li> <li>12 of 13 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>
4.4/4.5 Residential and Non-Residential DC Categories	<ul> <li>Residential categories:         Single/Semi-detached,         Other multiples, Apartment         bachelor/1 bedroom,         Apartment 2+ bedroom,         special care dwelling.</li> <li>Non-residential categories:         commercial, industrial,         institutional, wind turbine.</li> </ul>	Similar approach adopted by majority of local area municipalities and comparators with some variations on apartments and non-residential.	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders</li> <li>22 of 22 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders.</li> <li>13 of 14 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>
5.4 Timing of Collection of Hard Services	The Region's current by-law provides that all D.C.s are to be collected at the time of the first building permit.	DC for water, wastewater, services related to a highway and storm water services may be collected at the agreement stage of the development process.	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders</li> <li>19 of 19 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders.</li> <li>10 of 11 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>

Policy Item	Summary of Current Approach (2017 DC Study)	Summary of Alternative Options/Best Practices	Local Area Municipal (LAM) Session Feedback*	Non-Government Session Feedback*
		Mixed approach amongst municipal comparators		
5.7 Re-Development Credits	<ul> <li>Demolition: a demolition credit is received if application is made for a building permit within five (5) years of the demolition (can apply for additional 3 years if brownfield) subject to limitations in the By-law.</li> <li>Conversion: If a development is converted from one use to another, a credit is received for the initial use being converted, subject to limitations in the By-law.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Can utilize longer or shorter timeframe for demolition credits.</li> <li>Majority of comparators utilize similar approach to Region currently</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No comments or questions from the stakeholders</li> <li>21 of 21 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Comment received regarding the additional demolition credit extension for Brownfields – it was noted that the extension should be increased from 3 to 5 years given the length of time it may take to redevelop these sites.</li> <li>9 of 11 stakeholders that responded to survey agreed with current approach.</li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup> Approximately 50% of those in attendance participated in survey. The sessions were attended by approximately 50 LAM representatives (69 invited) and 25 at the non-government session (108 invited).